89 NORTH CALDWELL STREET • BREVARD, NC 28712

MEMBER - AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
MEMBER - NORTH CAROLINA ASSOCIATION OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

November 24, 2022

To the Henderson County Board of Public Education Hendersonville, North Carolina

Ladies and Gentlemen:

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Henderson County Board of Public Education as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Henderson County Board of Public Education's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Henderson County Board of Public Education's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Henderson County Board of Public Education's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. Given these limitations during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

We noted certain matters involving internal control and operating efficiency that, in our judgment should be reviewed. Following are our recommendations concerning these matters:

Balance Sheet Reconciliation

During the course of the audit we noted that a number of the asset and liability accounts in the various funds of the Board required adjustment. Most of these items were not large enough to create a concern as a significant deficiency or material weakness in the Board's accounting system, but it is an item that we wanted to bring to the attention of the Board. As with many governmental units, and Local Education Agencies in particular, the focus of the financial staff is on revenues and expenditures with comparison to budgets. Because of limited staff, a detailed analysis of the assets

and liabilities for each fund, other than cash reconciliations, is usually performed only at the end of the fiscal year, but should be reviewed on a more frequent and regular basis. By reconciling these accounts as part of a regular reconciliation process, management and the Board will be assured that the appropriate assets and liabilities are being reported for each of the reporting funds.

Enterprise Funds

As in previous years in the School Food Service Fund, we recommend that a process be implemented to review and reconcile certain accounts of this Enterprise Fund with subsidiary accounting records on a regular and recurring basis. This process should include a reconciliation of receivables, payables, and property and equipment as recorded in the financial statements with subsidiary records.

By implementing a policy whereby there is a regular reconciliation between the subsidiary records and the general ledger accounts, management and the Board can be assured that the proper amounts are being maintained and reported on a regular and consistent basis.

System of Internal Control

Because the Henderson County Board of Public Education is a local government with a relatively small finance and administrative staff it is essential that the Board have a developed system of internal control and an adequate plan for the segregation of duties, both at the central office as well as at all school locations. In the course of our audit fieldwork we observed the Board's system of internal control and segregation of duties that are in place, the system appears to be operating as designed, although improvements can be made as detailed above.

We would like to emphasize, that continuing to maintain an adequate system of internal control requires that the system be monitored, evaluated, and updated on an ongoing basis. We encourage both management and the Board to continue to take an active role in maintaining an effective system for the Henderson County Board of Public Education.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of the Henderson County Board of Public Education, and others within the Henderson County Board of Public Education, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Carland & Andersen, Inc.

Hendersonville, North Carolina

Colad & Adsen, Ir.

cc: Local Government Commission

Department of State Treasurer

Raleigh, North Carolina

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MEMBER - AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
MEMBER - NORTH CAROLINA ASSOCIATION OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

November 24, 2022

To the Henderson County Board of Public Education Hendersonville, North Carolina

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Henderson County Board of Public Education, North Carolina for the year ended June 30, 2022. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, the Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our letter to you dated May 4, 2022. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Significant Audit Matters

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by the Henderson County Board of Public Education, North Carolina are described in Note I to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during the 2022 fiscal year. We noted no transactions entered into by the Henderson County Board of Public Education, North Carolina during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected.

The most sensitive estimates affecting the Henderson County Board of Public Education, North Carolina's financial statements were management's estimate of depreciation expense on capital assets, the actuarial estimates related to the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System's (TSERS) retirement plan, the Retiree Health Benefit Fund (RHBF) and the Disability Income Plan of North Carolina (DIPNC), and present

value estimates for right to use leased assets and corresponding liabilities in accordance with GASB Statement No. 87.

The estimate of depreciation expense is based on the estimated useful lives of the assets which have been developed from historical data applicable to governmental units. The actuarial estimates related to the TSER's retirement plan and the RHBF and DIPNC Other Postemployment Benefit plans are based on studies prepared for the State of North Carolina. The present value estimates for right to use leased assets and corresponding liabilities are based on generally accepted accounting principles for calculation of present values and the use of incremental interest rates applicable to governmental entities.

We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the estimates of depreciation expense, the actuarial estimates of the TSERS's retirement plan and the RHBF and DIPNC Other Postemployment Benefit plans, and the present value estimates for the right to use leased assets and corresponding liabilities in determining that the estimates are reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated November 24, 2022.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the Henderson County Board of Public Education, North Carolina's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the Henderson County Board of Public Education, North Carolina's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Other Matters

We applied certain limited procedures to Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System Schedules of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Board Contributions, and the Retiree Health Benefit Fund and the Disability Income Plan of North Carolina's Schedules of the Proportionate Share of the Net Other Postemployment Benefit Liabilities (Assets) and Board Contributions, which are required supplementary information (RSI) that supplements the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

We were engaged to report on the budgetary schedules, other schedules, and the schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards, which accompany the financial statements, but are not RSI. With respect to this supplementary information, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

Restriction on Use

This information is intended solely for the use of the Henderson County Board of Public Education, North Carolina and management of the Henderson County Board of Public Education, North Carolina and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Carland & Andersen, Inc.

Carlad + Ardien Ic.

cc: Local Government Commission

Department of State Treasurer

Raleigh, North Carolina

HENDERSON COUNTY BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION HENDERSONVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

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FINANCIAL SECTION

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Public Education Henderson County, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, and each major fund, of the Henderson County Board of Public Education, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Henderson County Board of Public Education's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based upon our audit, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and cash flows [where applicable] thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund, the State Public School Fund, the Federal Grants Fund, and the Other Restricted Fund, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Henderson County Board of Public Education and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raises substantial doubt about the Henderson County Board of Public Education's ability to continue as a going concern for the twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free of material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material statement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we -

- Exercised professional judgement and maintained professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
 Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
 disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Henderson County Board of Public Education's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Henderson County Board of Public Education's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages four through eleven and the Local Government Employees' Retirement System Schedules of the Board's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and Other Post-Employment Benefit Liability (Asset) and the Schedules of Board Contributions on pages sixty-two through sixty-seven be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consist of inquiries of

management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the Henderson County Board of Public Education. The individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules, as well as the accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the State Single Audit Implementation Act are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, the individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 24, 2022 on our consideration of the Henderson County Board of Public Education's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Henderson County Board of Public Education's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Hendersonville, North Carolina

Carland + Ardison, Ir.

November 24, 2022

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION and ANALYSIS



414 Fourth Avenue West, Hendersonville, NC 28739-4261

Dr. John M. Bryant, Superintendent

Board of Public Education
Blair Craven, Chairperson
Amy Lynn Holt, Vice Chairperson
Robert Bridges
Dot Case
Stacey Caskey
Jay Egolf
Kathy Revis

Management's Discussion and Analysis

This section of the Henderson County Board of Public Education's (*the Board*) financial report represents our discussion and analysis of the financial performance of the Board for the year ended June 30, 2022. This information should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements included in this report.

Financial Highlights

- The average daily membership (ADM) is 12,550 for the 2021-2022 year compared to 12,781 for the previous year, keeping Henderson County Public Schools as one of the thirty largest LEA's out of the total of 115 in North Carolina.
- The Board's fund balance of governmental activities increased by \$3,297,939. Comparatively, the fund balance of governmental activities increased by \$4,390,905 for the year ended June 30, 2021.
- The Board's net position of business-type activities increased by \$4,812,382. Comparatively, the net position increased by \$307,582 for the year ended June 30, 2021.
- In 2021-22 Henderson County Public Schools operated with \$20.2 million in additional revenue in total primary governmental and business-type activities than the previous year. This is due to an influx of revenue from both state and federal COVID-19 relief funds.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The audited financial statements of the Henderson County Board of Public Education consist of four components. They are as follows:

- Independent Auditor's Report
- Management's Discussion and Analysis (required supplementary information)
- Basic Financial Statements
- Required supplemental information section that presents schedules for the Teacher's and State Employees' Retirement System, Retiree Health Benefit Fund, Disability Income Plan of North Carolina and budgetary statements for some governmental funds and for enterprise funds

The Basic Financial Statements include two types of statements that present different views of the Board's finances. The first are the government-wide statements. The government-wide statements are presented on the full accrual basis of accounting and include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the Board's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. Assets and liabilities are classified in the order of relative liquidity for assets and due date for liabilities. This statement provides a summary of the Board's investment in assets, deferred outflows and inflows of resources, and obligations to creditors. Liquidity and financial flexibility can be evaluated using the information contained in this statement. The Statement of Activities summarizes the Board's revenues and expenses for the current year. A net (expense) revenue format is used to indicate to what extent each function is self-sufficient.

The second set of statements included in the basic financial statements are the *Fund Financial Statements*, which are presented for the Board's governmental funds and proprietary funds. These statements present the governmental funds on the modified accrual basis of accounting, measuring the near term inflows and outflows of financial resources and what is available at year-end to spend in the next fiscal year. The proprietary funds are presented on the full accrual basis of accounting. The fund financial statements focus on the Board's most significant funds. Because a different basis of accounting is used in the government-wide statements, a reconciliation from the governmental fund financial statements to the government-wide statements is required. The government-wide statements provide information about the Board as an economic unit while the fund financial statements provide information on the financial resources of each of the Board's major funds.

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the Board as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the Board's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the Board's net position and how it has changed. Net position – the difference between the Board's total of assets and deferred outflows of resources and the total of liabilities and deferred inflows of resources – is one way to measure the Board's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the Board's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.
- To assess the Board's overall health, one should consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the County's property tax base and the condition of its school buildings and other physical assets.

The Board's activities are divided into two categories in the government-wide statements:

 Governmental activities: Most of the Board's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation, and administration. County funding and state and federal aid finance most of these activities. • Business-type activities: The Board charges fees to help it cover the costs of certain services it provides. School food service and childcare services are included here.

The government-wide statements are shown as Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the Board's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds. Funds are accounting devices the Board uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs.

- Some funds are required by state law, such as the State Public School Fund.
- The Board has established other funds, such as the Federal Grants Fund and the Other Restricted Fund, to control and manage money for a particular purpose or to show that it is properly using certain revenues.

The Henderson County Board of Public Education has two types of funds:

Governmental funds: Most of the Board's basic services are included in the governmental funds, which generally focus on two things – how cash and other assets can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. As a result of this focus, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the coming year to finance the Board's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, a reconciliation following the governmental funds statements, explains the relationship (or differences) between the government-wide and the fund financial statements. The Board has several governmental funds: the General Fund, the State Public School Fund, the Federal Grants Fund, the Capital Outlay Fund, the Other Restricted Fund, and the Individual Schools Fund.

The governmental fund statements are shown as Exhibits 3, 4 and 5 of this report.

Proprietary funds: Services for which the Board charges a fee are generally reported in the proprietary funds. The proprietary fund statements are reported on the same full accrual basis of accounting as the government-wide statements. The Henderson County Board of Public Education has two proprietary funds – both enterprise funds – the School Food Service Fund and the Child Care Fund.

The proprietary fund statements are shown as Exhibits 6, 7, and 8 of this report.

Financial Analysis of the Schools as a Whole

Net position is an indicator of the fiscal health of the Board. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$87,245,352 as of June 30, 2022. The largest component of net position is net investment in capital assets, of \$88,245,779.

Following is a summary of the Statement of Net Position:

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position

	Governmental Activities		Busines Activ		Total Primary Government		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2020	
Current assets	\$ 14,756,396	\$ 17,134,833	\$ 7,187,263	\$ 3,472,455	\$ 21,943,659	\$ 20,607,288	
Right to use assets	189,510				189,510		
Capital assets	87,923,994	89,746,627	552,172	229,583	88,476,166	89,976,210	
Total assets	102,869,900	106,881,460	7,739,435	3,702,038	110,609,335	110,583,498	
Deferred outflows of resources	40,852,772	34,970,615	1,505,581	1,294,763	42,358,353	36,265,378	
Current liabilities	6,209,551	12,820,451	244,895	288,705	6,454,446	13,109,156	
Long-term liabilities	153,700,030	181,915,774	5,362,232	6,371,300	159,062,262	188,287,074	
Total liabilities	159,909,581	194,736,225	5,607,127	6,660,005	165,516,708	201,396,230	
Deferred inflows of resources	71,963,579	57,139,232	2,732,753	2,244,042	74,696,332	59,383,274	
Net investment in capital assets	87,693,607	89,418,090	552,172	229,583	88,245,779	, 89,647,673	
Restricted net position	4,513,726	4,036,560	2,098	7,291	4,515,824	4,043,851	
Unrestricted net position	(180,357,821)	(203,478,032)	350,866	(4,144,120)	(180,006,955)	(207,622;152)	
Total net position	\$ (88,150,488)	\$ (110,023,382)	\$ 905,136	\$ (3,907,246)	\$ (87,245,352)	\$ (113,930,628)	

Current assets (per Exhibit 1) consist of cash and cash equivalents, due from other governments, accounts receivable, net other post employment benefits assets, inventories, and right to use leased assets. Capital assets include land, land improvements, and construction in progress, buildings and building improvements, equipment, furniture and vehicles. Long-term liabilities consist of the current value of accumulated annual and bonus leave which would be payable to all employees as of June 30, 2022 as well as direct installment purchase obligations, lease liabilities, and the net pension and other post employment benefits liabilities.

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The following table shows the revenues and expenses of the Board for the current fiscal year.

Table 2

Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities		Busines Activ		Total Primary Government	
DELY HINK HING	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
REVENUES						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 118,322	\$ 49,902	\$ 1,397,399	\$ 1,221,629	\$ 1,515,721	\$ 1,271,531
Operating grants and contributions	116,237,504	101,166,497	9,093,037	5,766,803	125,330,541	106,933,300
Capital grants and contributions						-
General revenues:						
Other revenues	34,172,192	35,025,851	2,523,142	69,187	36,695,334	35,095,038
Total revenues	150,528,018	136,242,250	13,013,578	7,057,619	163,541,596	143,299,869
EXPENSES						76 4
Governmental activities:						
Instructional services	101,010,635	106,617,068			101,010,635	106,617,068
System-wide support services	25,073,371	21,299,885			25,073,371	21,299,885
Ancillary services	513,549	356,025			513,549	356,025
Nonprogrammed charges	1,985,975	1,852,363			1,985,975	1,852,363
Business-type activities:						
Food service			7,187,986	5,897,165	7,187,986	5,897,165
Child care			1,084,804	906,446	1,084,804	906,446
Total expenses	128,583,530	130,125,341	8,272,790	6,803,611	136,856,320	136,928,952
Transfers in (out)	(71,594)	(53,574)	71,594	53,574		-
Increase (decrease) in net position	21,872,894	6,063,335	4,812,382	307,582	26,685,276	.8 6,370,9 <u>1</u> 7
Net position, beginning	(110,023,382)	(116,086,717)	(3,907,246)	(4,214,828)	(113,930,628)	(120,301,545)
Net position, ending	\$ (88,150,488)	\$ (110,023,382)	\$ 905,136	\$ (3,907,246)	\$ (87,245,352)	\$ (113,930,628)

Total governmental activities generated revenues of \$150.5 million while expenses in this category totaled \$128.6 million for the year ended June 30, 2022. Comparatively, revenues were \$136.2 million and expenses totaled \$130.1 million for the year ended June 30, 2021. After transfers to the business-type activities, the increase in net position stands at \$21.9 million at June 30, 2022, compared to an increase of \$6.1 million in 2021. Instructional services expenses comprised 78.6% of total governmental-type expenses while system-wide support services made up 19.5% of those expenses for 2022. County funding comprised 20.9% of total governmental revenue. Most of the remaining 79.1% of total governmental revenue for 2022 consists of restricted state and federal support. Business-type activities generated revenue of \$13.0 million and had expenses of \$8.3 million. Net position increased in the business-type activities by \$4.8 million, after transfers in from the governmental activities of \$71.6 thousand.

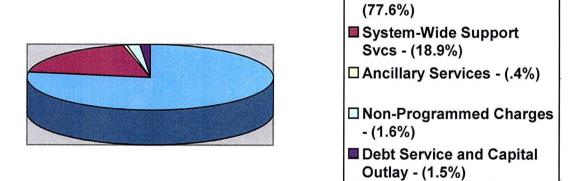
Financial Analysis of the Board's Funds

Governmental Funds: The focus of Henderson County Board of Public Education's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Board's financing requirements.

The Board's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$13,350,392, an increase of \$3,297,939 from the prior year.

Note: Expenditures presented on modified accrual basis of accounting.

Categorization of Expenditures for Governmental Funds



Instructional Services -

Proprietary Funds: The School Food Service Fund reports an increase in net position in comparison to the previous year of \$2.4 million. The Child Care Fund generated an operating profit which increased net position from the previous year in the amount of \$2.5 million.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the Board revised the budget several times to account for changes in revenue expectations and to increase or decrease appropriations in light of changes in revenue estimates. Actual revenues ended the year in excess of actual expenditures thus increasing fund balance by \$2,141,547.

Capital Assets

The following is a summary of the capital assets, net of depreciation at year-end:

Table 3
Summary of Capital Assets

as of June 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities			Total Primary Government					
	_	2022	2021	2022		2021		2022		2021	
Land	\$	7,713,617	\$ 7,540,362	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,713,617	\$	7,540,362
Construction in progress		68,657	71,463		-		-		68,657		71,463
Buildings		75,469,253	77,350,496	;	342,661		63,083		75,811,914	7	, 7,413,579
Equipment and furniture	niture 1,270,238		1,337,630	193,653		193,653 150,642			1,463,891		1,488,272
Vehicles		3,402,229	3,446,676		15,858		15,858		3,418,087		3,462,534
Total	\$	87,923,994	\$ 89,746,627	\$:	552,172	\$ 2	29,583	\$	88,476,166	\$8	9,976,210

Debt Outstanding

During the year the Board's outstanding debt increased by \$117,069 due to the use of direct installment financing to pay for school buses and for lease liabilities. The Board is limited by North Carolina General Statutes with regards to the types of debt it can issue and for what purpose that debt can be used. The County holds virtually all debt issued for school capital construction.

County Economic Factors

The following are some factors which have a direct effect on the County's economic support of the Board of Public Education's Strategic Plan:

- According to the June 30, 2022 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for Henderson County, the available fund balance for the General Fund was \$63.8 million or 40.5% of the total General Fund expenditures for the County. The Henderson County Board of Commissioners Fund Balance Policy is to have at least 12% available at year end.
- Henderson County's unemployment rate at the end of the 2022 fiscal year decreased from the previous year of 4.3 percent to 3.5 percent. This decrease is due to the economic recovery from governmental restrictions and effects of the coronavirus in the County which had a similar impact to the state of North Carolina.
- Henderson County Public Schools remains the County's largest employer with 3.38% of total County employment.

Impact of Coronavirus on School. During the fiscal year, the state and the nation continued to be affected by the spread of the coronavirus. The Board's response to the coronavirus pandemic included a virtual learning environment combined with in-person instruction when the health and safety of the students and staff allowed. The Child Nutrition Department continued to provide meals to students. Because of conservative financial practices, the County was able to continue its financial support of the school system with relatively minor harm to instructional programs. While the Board has experienced challenges of additional expenditures due to remote learning, it has been able to utilize relief funding available from state and federal sources.

Requests for Information

This report is intended to provide a summary of the financial condition of Henderson County Board of Public Education. Questions or requests for additional information should be addressed to:

Bernard Sochia, CPA Chief Financial Officer Henderson County Public Schools 414 Fourth Avenue West Hendersonville, North Carolina 28739

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

HENDERSON COUNTY BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

	Primary Government					
	Governmental			siness-type		
		Activities		Activities		Total
ASSETS	_		_		_	00.746.066
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	14,319,825	\$	6,427,141	\$	20,746,966
Due from other governments		194,477		210,022		404,499
Receivables (net)		181,551		25,674		207,225
Net other post employment benefits asset		69,790		2,098		71,888
Internal balances		(9,247)		9,247		£12.001
Inventories		100 510		513,081		513,081
Right to use leased asset, net of amortization		189,510				189,510
Capital assets (Note 1):						
Land, improvements, and construction		7 700 074				7 702 274
in progress		7,782,274		550 170		7,782,274
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		80,141,720		552,172		80,693,892
Total capital assets	_\$_	87,923,994	\$	552,172	_\$_	88,476,166
Total assets	ď	102 960 000	e	7 720 425	æ	110,609,335
1 otal assets	_\$_	102,869,900		7,739,435	_\$_	110,009,333
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		40,852,772	_\$_	1,505,581	\$	42,358,353
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	77,288	\$	60,145	\$	137,433
Accrued salaries and wages payable	Ψ	379,957	•	00,1 .5	Ψ	379,957
Long-term liabilities:		517,751				377,737
Due within one year		5,752,306		184,750		5,937,056
Net pension liability		22,480,409		781,341		23,261,750
Net other post employment benefits liability		129,681,035		4,540,132		134,221,167
Due in more than one year		1,538,586		40,759		1,579,345
Due in more than one year		1,550,500		70,733		1,577,545
Total liabilities	_\$_	159,909,581	\$	5,607,127	_\$_	165,516,708
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	_\$_	71,963,579	\$	2,732,753	\$	74,696,332
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital asssets	\$	87,693,607	\$	552,172	\$	88,245,779
Restricted for:	Ψ	07,055,007	Ψ	332,172	Ψ	00,213,777
Stabilization by state statute		189,126				189,126
Individual schools		2,239,709				2,239,709
School capital outlay		2,015,101				2,015,101
Disability income plan of North Carolina		69,790		2,098		71,888
Unrestricted		(180,357,821)		350,866		(180,006,955)
		(100,557,021)		220,000		(100,000,700)
Total net position		(88,150,488)	\$	905,136		(87,245,352)

HENDERSON COUNTY BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Program Revenues		
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	
Primary government:		•		
Governmental Activities:				
Instructional services:				
Regular instructional	\$ 57,940,717	\$ 57,670	\$ 59,996,613	
Special populations	16,256,354		17,119,113	
Alternative programs	9,107,302		9,196,776	
School leadership	7,177,567		5,362,079	
Co-curricular	4,235,054		3,689,232	
School-based support	6,293,641		5,872,109	
System-wide support services:				
Support and development	305,041		85,383	
Special population support and development	560,944		422,222	
Alternative programs and services support				
and development	498,444		497,388	
Technology support	2,231,404		997,421	
Operational support	13,882,759	60,652	6,818,333	
Financial and human resource	5,757,540		4,671,014	
Accountability	226,592		2,691	
System-wide pupil support	416,115		150,742	
Policy, leadership and public relations	1,194,532		576,019	
Ancillary services	513,549		307,748	
Nonprogrammed charges	1,985,975		472,621	
Total governmental activities	\$ 128,583,530	\$ 118,322	\$ 116,237,504	
Business-type activities:				
School food service	\$ 7,187,986	\$ 328,404	\$ 9,093,037	
Child care	1,084,804	1,068,995		
Total business-type activities	\$ 8,272,790	\$1,397,399	\$ 9,093,037	
Total primary government	\$ 136,856,320	\$1,515,721	\$ 125,330,541	

HENDERSON COUNTY BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position						
	Primary Government						
Functions/Programs	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total				
Primary government:							
Governmental Activities:							
Instructional services:							
Regular instructional	\$ 2,113,566		\$ 2,113,566				
Special populations	862,759		862,759				
Alternative programs	89,474		89,474				
School leadership	(1,815,488)		(1,815,488)				
Co-curricular	(545,822)		(545,822)				
School-based support	(421,532)		(421,532)				
System-wide support services:							
Support and development	(219,658)		(219,658)				
Special population support and development	(138,722)		(138,722)				
Alternative programs and services support							
and development	(1,056)		(1,056)				
Technology support	(1,233,983)		(1,233,983)				
Operational support	(7,003,774)		(7,003,774)				
Financial and human resource	(1,086,526)		(1,086,526)				
Accountability	(223,901)		(223,901)				
System-wide pupil support	(265,373)		(265,373)				
Policy, leadership and public relations	(618,513)		(618,513)				
Ancillary services	(205,801)		(205,801)				
Nonprogrammed charges	(1,513,354)		(1,513,354)				
Total governmental activities	\$ (12,227,704)		\$ (12,227,704)				
Business-type activities:							
School food service		\$ 2,233,455	\$ 2,233,455				
Child care		(15,809)	(15,809)				
		(10,00)					
Total business-type activities		\$ 2,217,646	\$ 2,217,646				
Total primary government	\$ (12,227,704)	\$ 2,217,646	\$ (10,010,058)				
General revenues:							
Unrestricted county appropriations - operating	\$ 29,928,000		\$ 29,928,000				
Unrestricted county appropriations - capital	1,500,000		1,500,000				
Unrestricted State appropriations - operating		\$ 2,469,160	2,469,160				
Unrestricted State appropriations - capital	649,204		649,204				
Investment earnings, unrestricted	5,803	1,263	7,066				
Non-capital OPEB plan contribution	783,776	28,091	811,867				
Miscellaneous, unrestricted	1,305,409	24,628	1,330,037				
Total general revenues excluding transfers	\$ 34,172,192	\$ 2,523,142	\$ 36,695,334				
Transfers	(71,594)	71,594					
Total general revenues and transfers	\$ 34,100,598	\$ 2,594,736	\$ 36,695,334				
Change in net position	\$ 21,872,894	\$ 4,812,382	\$ 26,685,276				
Net position, beginning	(110,023,382)	(3,907,246)	(113,930,628)				
Net position, ending	\$ (88,150,488)	\$ 905,136	\$ (87,245,352)				

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

HENDERSON COUNTY BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2022

		Major Funds	
	General	State Public Federal School Grants	Capital Outlay
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Due from other funds Due from other governments Accounts receivable, net	\$ 7,746,626 63,594 125,532	\$ 848,934 \$ 304 26,631 3,100	\$ 2,022,040 11,764
Total assets	\$ 7,935,752	\$ 852,034 \$ 26,935	\$ 2,033,804
LIABILITIES, DEFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Accrued salaries and wages payable Due to other funds	\$ 31,518 379,309		\$ 18,703
Total liabilities	\$ 410,827		\$ 18,703
Deferred inflows of resources		\$ 852,034 \$ 26,935	
Fund balances: Restricted: Stabilization by State Statute Individual Schools School Capital Outlay Assigned: Subsequent years expenditures Unassigned	\$ 189,126 1,096,822 6,238,977		\$ 2,015,101
Total fund balances	\$ 7,524,925		\$ 2,015,101
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 7,935,752	\$ 852,034 \$ 26,935	\$ 2,033,804

Exhibit 3 (2 of 2)

HENDERSON COUNTY BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

331.233,2		Major				
	Other Restricted		I	ndividual Schools		Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Due from other funds	\$	1,785,555 191,377	\$	1,916,366 323,343	\$	14,319,825 425,332 194,477
Due from other governments Accounts receivable, net		56,019	-			181,551
Total assets		2,032,951	\$	2,239,709		15,121,185
LIABILITIES, DEFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	27,067				77,288
Accrued salaries and wages payable		648				379,957
Due to other funds		434,579				434,579
Total liabilities	_\$_	462,294			_\$	891,824
Deferred inflows of resources						878,969
Fund balances:						
Restricted: Stabilization by State Statute	\$	247,396			\$	436,522
Individual Schools	Φ	247,390	\$	2,239,709	Ψ	2,239,709
School Capital Outlay			Ψ	2,237,707		2,015,101
Assigned:						2,013,101
Subsequent years expenditures		49,772				1,146,594
Unassigned		1,273,489				7,512,466
Total fund balances	_\$_	1,570,657	\$_	2,239,709	\$	13,350,392
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	2,032,951	\$	2,239,709		
Amounts reported for governmental activities			$\dot{-}$		t 1)	
are different because: Net OPEB Asset			•	·	·	69,790
Capital assets used in governmental activities and, therefore are not reported in the funds.						87,923,994
Right to use leased assets used in governments			nancia	I		100 510
resources and, therefore are not reported in a Deferred outflows of resources related to pens		ias.				189,510 23,358,416
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPE		17,494,356				
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the		nt period and				17,474,550
therefore, are not reported in the funds.		(7,290,892)				
Net pension liability						(22,480,409)
Net OPEB liability		(129,681,035)				
Deferred inflows of resources related to pension	ons					(29,895,674)
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPER						(41,188,936)
Net position of governmental activities					\$	(88,150,488)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

HENDERSON COUNTY BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Major Funds							
	General	State Public School	Federal Grants	Capital Outlay				
REVENUES								
State of North Carolina	a aa aaa aaa	\$92,155,762		\$ 649,204				
Henderson County	\$ 29,928,000		e 10.061.520	1,500,000				
U.S. Government			\$ 19,061,538					
Contributions and donations Investment earnings								
Other revenue	839,251			40,309				
Total revenues	\$ 30,767,251	\$92,155,762	\$ 19,061,538	\$ 2,189,513				
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Instructional services:								
Regular instructional	\$ 7,229,769	\$55,200,282	\$ 3,465,359					
Special populations	1,137,682	14,078,621	3,040,492					
Alternative programs	236,685	2,941,850	6,254,926					
School leadership	2,782,790	5,360,897	1,182					
Co-curricular	861,787							
School-based support	1,316,137	5,214,234	657,875					
System-wide support services:								
Support and development	279,063	83,721	1,662					
Special populations support								
and development	219,682	153,043	` 269,179					
Alternative programs and services								
support and development	74,969	120,600	376,788					
Technology support	1,244,984	948,281	49,140					
Operational support	8,125,067	6,366,646	451,687					
Financial and human resource	1,783,916	741,971	3,929,043					
Accountability	215,162	2,691						
System-wide pupil support	327,549	150,742						
Policy, leadership and public relations	733,374	576,019	01.594					
Ancillary services	188,949	159,714	91,584					
Nonprogrammed charges Debt service:	1,864,784		472,621					
Principal				\$ 302,937				
Capital outlay:				9 302,337				
Real property and buildings				1,079,741				
Furniture and equipment				234,280				
Buses and motor vehicles				551,843				
2 45 5 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1								
Total expenditures	\$ 28,622,349	\$92,099,312	\$ 19,061,538	\$ 2,168,801				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures	\$ 2,144,902	\$ 56,450	\$ -	\$ 20,712				
OTHER FINANCING COIRCES (1959)				_				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				\$ 204,787				
Installment purchase obligations issued								
Insurance recovery	e (2.255)	© (E(4E0)		70,728				
Transfers to other funds	\$ (3,355)	\$ (56,450)		(11,789)				
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ (3,355)	\$ (56,450)		\$ 263,726				
Net change in fund balance	\$ 2,141,547	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 284,438				
Fund balances, beginning	5,383,378			1,730,663				
Fund balances, ending	\$ 7,524,925	<u>\$</u>	<u>s -</u>	\$ 2,015,101				

HENDERSON COUNTY BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	_	Majo				
	<u>I</u>	Other Restricted		ndividual Schools	G	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES					•	00.000.400
State of North Carolina	\$	57,532			\$	92,862,498
Henderson County		1 272 440				31,428,000
U.S. Government		1,273,440	e	2 (00 222		20,334,978
Contributions and donations		5 202	\$	3,689,232		3,689,232
Investment earnings		5,302		501		5,803
Other revenue		1,168,693	_	2 (00 522	_	2,048,253
Total revenues		2,504,967		3,689,733		150,368,764
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Instructional services:	•	441.011			er.	((22/ 721
Regular instructional	\$	441,311			\$	66,336,721
Special populations		347,114				18,603,909
Alternative programs		276,483				9,709,944
School leadership		24,156				8,169,025
Co-curricular		5,730		3,392,941		4,260,458
School-based support		50,165				7,238,411
System-wide support services:						
Support and development Special populations support		118				364,564
and development Alternative programs and services		1,954				643,858
support and development		431				572,788
Technology support		153,116				2,395,521
Operational support		281,309				15,224,709
Financial and human resource		56,679				6,511,609
Accountability		39,000				256,853
System-wide pupil support		538				478,829
Policy, leadership and public relations		11,358				1,320,751
Ancillary services		172,708				612,955
Nonprogrammed charges		70,006				2,407,411
Debt service:						
Principal						302,937
Capital outlay:						
Real property and buildings						1,079,741
Furniture and equipment						234,280
Buses and motor vehicles						551,843
Total expenditures	_\$_	1,932,176	_\$_	3,392,941	_\$_	147,277,117
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures	_\$_	572,791	_\$_	296,792	_\$_	3,091,647
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Installment purchase obligation issued					\$	204,787
Insurance recovery	r	2271			. D	
•	\$	2,371				73,099
Transfers to other funds					_	(71,594)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_\$_	2,371			_\$	206,292
Net change in fund balance	\$	575,162	\$	296,792	\$	3,297,939
Fund balances, beginning		995,495		1,942,917	_	10,052,453
Fund balances, ending		1,570,657		2,239,709		13,350,392

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

HENDERSON COUNTY BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 3,297,939
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation and amortization expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation and amortization in the	
current period	(1,822,633)
Right to use leased assets which were capitalized, net of amortization expense	189,510
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the statement of activities	13,709,360
Contributions to the OPEB plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the statement of activities	5,294,679
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and	
related items.	(117,069)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Pension expense	(5,128,015)
Compensated absences	191,974
Some revenues reported in the statement of activities do not provide current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as revenues in governmental funds.	
Net OPEB benefit	5,473,373
Non-capital OPEB plan contribution	 783,776
Total changes in net assets of governmental activities	\$ 21,872,894

ζ

	General Fund							
		Original		Final	Act	tual Amounts	Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive Negative)
REVENUES								
Henderson County Other	\$	29,928,000 678,000	\$	29,928,000 696,733	\$	29,928,000 839,251	\$	142,518
Total revenues	_\$_	30,606,000	_\$_	30,624,733	\$	30,767,251	_\$	142,518
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Instructional services:								
Regular instructional	\$	9,520,278	\$	8,940,978	\$	7,229,769	\$	1,711,209
Special populations		1,235,868		1,242,568		1,137,682		104,886
Alternative programs		248,160		254,560		236,685		17,875
School leadership		2,601,132		2,790,382		2,782,790		7,592
Co-curricular		822,101		870,101		861,787		8,314
School-based support		1,498,867		1,498,867		1,316,137		182,730
System-wide support services:								
Support and development		286,738		286,738		279,063		7,675
Special populations support								
and development		219,444		221,444		219,682		1,762
Alternative programs and								
services support and development		81,780		81,780		74,969		6,811
Technology support		1,280,454		1,280,454		1,244,984		35,470
Operational support		7,796,074		8,130,653		8,125,067		5,586
Financial and human resource		1,772,684		1,792,684		1,783,916		8,768
Accountability		210,748		220,748		215,162		5,586
System-wide pupil support		331,253		331,253		327,549		3,704
Policy, leadership and public relations		724,550		743,550		733,374		10,176
Ancillary services		185,869		193,868		188,949		4,919
Nonprogrammed charges		1,900,000		1,900,000		1,864,784		35,216
Total expenditures	\$	30,716,000	_\$_	30,780,628	_\$_	28,622,349		2,158,279
Revenues over (under) expenditures	_\$_	(110,000)		(155,895)		2,144,902	\$	2,300,797
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers to other funds			\$	(3,355)	_\$_	(3,355)		
Appropriated fund balance	_\$_	110,000	\$	159,250			_\$	(159,250)
Net change in fund balance		-			\$	2,141,547	\$	2,141,547
Fund balances, beginning						5,383,378		
Fund balances, ending						7,524,925		

	State Public School Fund								
	Original			Final	Ac	tual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES State of North Carolina	\$	88,710,352	_\$_	95,009,087	_\$_	92,155,762	\$	(2,853,325)	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Instructional services:									
Regular instructional	\$	53,236,800	\$	55,957,465	\$	55,200,282	\$	757,183	
Special populations		13,706,649		14,792,567		14,078,621		713,946	
Alternative programs		2,996,907		3,465,224		2,941,850		523,374	
School leadership		5,273,829		5,512,705		5,360,897		151,808	
School-based support		4,950,676		5,257,755		5,214,234		43,521	
System-wide support services:									
Support and development		83,286		93,150		83,721		9,429	
Special populations support									
and development		148,409		159,120		153,043		6,077	
Alternative programs and									
services support and development		112,341		120,638		120,600		38	
Technology support		1,299,503		1,481,615		948,281		533,334	
Operational support		5,322,874		6,383,593		6,366,646		16,947	
Financial and human resource		735,602		761,976		741,971		20,005	
Accountability				2,691		2,691			
System-wide pupil support		156,016		161,506		150,742		10,764	
Policy, leadership and public relations		630,915		642,703		576,019		66,684	
Ancillary services				160,834		159,714		1,120	
Total expenditures	_\$_	88,653,807	_\$_	94,953,542	\$	92,099,312	_\$_	2,854,230	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	_\$_	56,545	_\$_	55,545	_\$_	56,450	_\$_	905	
Other financing sources (uses):									
Transfers to other funds	\$	(56,545)	\$	(55,545)	\$	(56,450)	\$	(905)	
Transfers to other rands	Ψ	(30,343)		(33,343)		(30,430)		(505)	
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Fund balances, beginning					_\$_	<u>-</u>			
Fund balances, ending									

	Federal Grants Fund							
		Original		Final	Ac	tual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES					•			<u>*</u>
U.S. Government	_\$_	42,572,758		45,716,655	_\$_	19,061,538	_\$_	(26,655,117)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Instructional services:								
Regular instructional	\$	5,825,530	\$	12,331,196	\$	3,465,359	\$	8,865,837
Special populations		2,944,548		5,285,669		3,040,492		2,245,177
Alternative programs		13,020,687		12,214,409		6,254,926		5,959,483
School leadership				105,722		1,182		104,540
School-based support		3,715,972		4,311,538		657,875		3,653,663
System-wide support services:								
Support and development		4,500		4,500		1,662		2,838
Special populations support								
and development		391,178		293,232		269,179		24,053
Alternative programs and								
services support and development		667,021		671,507		376,788		294,719
Technology support		230,315	_	230,315		49,140		181,175
Operational support		257,287	-	642,393		451,687		190,706
Financial and human resource		4,146,317		4,270,017		3,929,043		340,974
Ancillary services		92,730		91,584		91,584		
Nonprogrammed charges		11,276,673		5,264,573		472,621		4,791,952
Total expenditures		42,572,758	_\$_	45,716,655	_\$_	19,061,538	_\$_	26,655,117
Revenues over (under) expenditures	\$		_\$_		_\$_		_\$_	
Net change in fund balance		-			\$	-		-
Fund balances, beginning					\$			
Fund balances, ending					_\$_	-		

	Other Restricted Fund							
								iance with
								al Budget -
								Positive
		Original		Final	Actual Amounts		<u>(1)</u>	legative)
REVENUES	•	4.000	•	4.000	•	55 500	•	50 500
State of North Carolina	\$	4,000	\$	4,000	\$	57,532	\$	53,532
U.S. Government		995,192		1,140,737		1,273,440		132,703
Indirect costs		655,868		599,365		737,516		138,151
Other restricted grants		144,000		245,750		250,534		4,784
Rental of school property		16,000		17,820		20,757		2,937
Tuition and fees		65,000		67,350		57,670		(9,680)
Other revenue		125,016		64,773		107,518		42,745
Total Revenue	\$	2,005,076	\$	2,139,795	\$	2,504,967	\$	365,172
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Instructional services:								
Regular instructional	\$	401,801	\$	464,698	\$	441,311	\$	23,387
Special populations		557,417		565,384		347,114		218,270
Alternative programs		322,668		323,831		276,483		47,348
School leadership		24,724		24,724		24,156		568
Co-curricular		11,865		11,865	•	5,730		6,135
School-based support		59,171		93,228		50,165		43,063
System-wide support services:		•		•		·		•
Support and development		500		6,500		118		6,382
Special populations support				•				,
and development		6,427		6,427		1,954		4,473
Alternative programs and		.,		,		-,-		,
services support and development		431		431		431		
Technology support		39,546		153,438		153,116		322
Operational support		292,055		282,196		281,309		887
Financial and human resource		63,679		73,679		56,679		17,000
Accountability		28,800		40,350		39,000		1,350
System-wide pupil support		538		538		538		-,
Policy, leadership and public relations		13,219		13,219		11,358		1,861
Ancillary services		163,374		174,573		172,708		1,865
Nonprogrammed charges		195,564		90,104		70,006		20,098
Total expenditures	\$	2,181,779	\$	2,325,185	\$	1,932,176	_\$	393,009
Revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	(176,703)	\$	(185,390)	_\$_	572,791		758,181
Other financing sources (uses):								
Insurance recovery			\$	2,371	\$	2,371		
Appropriated fund balance	_\$_	176,703	_\$_	183,019			_\$	(183,019)
Net change in fund balance		-	\$		\$	575,162	\$	575,162
Fund balances, beginning					\$	995,495		
Fund balances, ending					\$	1,570,657		

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

HENDERSON COUNTY BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	Enterprise Funds						
	Major	Funds					
	School Food						
	Service	Child Care	Total				
ASSETS							
Current assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,603,962	\$ 2,823,179	\$ 6,427,141				
Due from other governments	210,022	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	210,022				
Due from other funds	7,692	1,555	9,247				
Receivables (net)	.,0,2	25,674	25,674				
Net other post employment benefits asset	1,666	432	2,098				
Inventories	513,081	732	513,081				
myemories	515,061		313,001				
Total current assets	\$ 4,336,423	\$ 2,850,840	\$ 7,187,263				
Noncurrent assets:							
Capital assets:							
Buildings, net	\$ 342,661		\$ 342,661				
Furniture and equipment, net	183,216	\$ 26,295	209,511				
			200,011				
Total noncurrent assets	\$ 525,877	\$ 26,295	\$ 552,172				
Total assets	\$ 4,862,300	\$ 2,877,135	\$ 7,739,435				
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 1,176,567	\$ 329,014	\$ 1,505,581				
I I A DII ITIEC							
LIABILITIES Comment in a little and a littl							
Current liabilities:	0 50.661	6 404	0 (0.145				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 59,661	\$ 484	\$ 60,145				
NT (1' 1 '1')							
Noncurrent liabilities:	0 (00.50)	n 140 01 7					
Net pension liability	\$ 620,526	\$ 160,815	\$ 781,341				
Net other post employment benefits liability	3,551,605	988,527	4,540,132				
Compensated absences	178,185	47,324	225,509				
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$ 4,350,316	\$ 1,196,666	\$ 5,546,982				
Total liabilities	\$ 4,409,977	\$ 1,197,150	\$ 5,607,127				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 2,123,937	\$ 608,816	\$ 2,732,753				
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 525,877	\$ 26,295	\$ 552,172				
Restricted for DIPNC other post employment benefits	1,666	432	2,098				
Unrestricted	(1,022,590)	1,373,456	350,866				
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Total net position	\$ (495,047)	\$ 1,400,183	\$ 905,136				

HENDERSON COUNTY BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Enterprise Funds							
		Major :						
	S	chool Food						
		Service	Child Care			Total		
OPERATING REVENUES	•	200 404			Φ.	200 404		
Food sales	\$	328,404	ø	1 069 005	\$	328,404		
Child care fees			_\$_	1,068,995		1,068,995		
Total operating revenues	_\$_	328,404	_\$_	1,068,995	_\$_	1,397,399		
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Food cost:								
Purchase of food	\$	2,636,682	\$	26,158	\$	2,662,840		
Donated commodities		572,645				572,645		
Salaries and benefits		3,133,334		927,488		4,060,822		
Indirect costs		200,000		25,000		225,000		
Materials and supplies		348,292		47,424		395,716		
Repairs and maintenance		154,706				154,706		
Depreciation		63,487		446		63,933		
Contracted services				7,065		7,065		
Other		78,840		51,223	_	130,063		
Total operating expenses	_\$_	7,187,986	\$	1,084,804	_\$_	8,272,790		
Operating income (loss)	_\$_	(6,859,582)	_\$_	(15,809)	_\$_	(6,875,391)		
NONOPERATING REVENUES								
Federal reimbursements	\$	8,520,392			\$	8,520,392		
Federal commodities	-	572,645			•	572,645		
State grants		,	\$	2,469,160		2,469,160		
Interest earned		808	•	455		1,263		
Non-capital other post employment benefits						•		
plan contribution		22,002		6,089		28,091		
Other		24,595		33		24,628		
Total nonoperating revenues	\$	9,140,442	\$	2,475,737	\$	11,616,179		
	Ť		_					
Income (loss) before contributions								
and transfers	\$	2,280,860	\$	2,459,928	\$	4,740,788		
Transfers from other funds		71,594				71,594		
Change in net position	\$	2,352,454	\$	2,459,928	\$	4,812,382		
Total net position, beginning		(2,847,501)		(1,059,745)		(3,907,246)		
Total net position, ending	_\$_	(495,047)	\$	1,400,183	\$	905,136		

HENDERSON COUNTY BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Enterprise Funds				
	Major				
	School Food	a a			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Service	Child Care	Total		
Cash received from customers	\$ 287,762	\$ 1,118,417	\$ 1,406,179		
Cash paid for goods and services	(3,581,688)	(156,747)	(3,738,435)		
Cash paid to employees for services	(3,666,704)	(1,075,678)	(4,742,382)		
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ (6,960,630)	\$ (114,008)	\$ (7,074,638)		
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL					
FINANCING ACTIVITIES Federal reimbursements	e e 520 202		\$ 8,520,392		
State grants	\$ 8,520,392	\$ 2,469,160	\$ 8,520,392 2,469,160		
Due to/from other funds	(3,437)	(1,374)	(4,811)		
Other nonoperating revenues	24,595	33	24,628		
					
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	\$ 8,541,550	\$ 2,467,819	\$ 11,009,369		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED					
FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Acquisition of capital assets	\$ (359,781)	\$ (26,741)	\$ (386,522)		
Acquisition of capital assets transferred from other funds	15,144		15,144_		
Net cash (used) by capital and related financing activities	\$ (344,637)	\$ (26,741)	\$ (371,378)		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Interest on investments	\$ 808	\$ 455	\$ 1,263		
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,237,091	\$ 2,327,525	\$ 3,564,616		
Balances, beginning	2,366,871	495,654	2,862,525		
D.1					
Balances, ending	\$ 3,603,962	\$ 2,823,179	\$ 6,427,141		
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided					
(used) by operating activities:					
Operating income (loss)	\$ (6,859,582)	\$ (15,809)	\$ (6,875,391)		
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash					
provided (used) by operating activities:					
Depreciation	\$ 63,487	\$ 446	\$ 63,933		
Donated commodities consumed	572,645		572,645		
Salaries paid by special revenue fund	56,450		56,450		
Non-capital other post employment benefit plan contribution	22,002	6,089	28,091		
Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources,					
liabilities and deferred inflows of resources:					
(Increase) in due from other governments	(27,881)		(27,881)		
Decrease in accounts receivable		49,422	49,422		
Decrease in net other post employment benefits asset	4,067	1,126	5,193		
(Increase) in inventory	(172,115)	(201 152)	(172,115)		
(Decrease) in net pension liability	(1,052,032)	(291,153)	(1,343,185)		
Increase in net other post employment benefits liability (Increase) in deferred outflows of resources	255,150 (165,120)	70,614 (45,698)	325,764 (210,818)		
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(60,203)	(43,098)	(60,080)		
Increase in deferred inflows of resources	380,010	108,701	488,711		
Increase in long-term liabilities	22,492	2,131	24,623		
Total adjustments	\$ (101,048)	\$ (98,199)	\$ (199,247)		
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ (6,960,630)	\$ (114,008)	\$ (7,074,638)		

HENDERSON COUNTY BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:

The State Public School Fund paid salaries and benefits of \$56,450 to administrative personnel of the School Food Service Fund during the fiscal year. The payment is reflected as an operating transfer in and an operating expense on Exhibit 7.

The School Food Service Fund received donated commodities with a value of \$572,645 during the fiscal year. The receipt of the commodities is recognized as a nonoperating revenue. The Fund recorded the consumption of \$572,645 worth of donated commodities during the fiscal year as an operating expense. These transactions are reported on Exhibit 7.

The General and Capital Outlay Funds transferred \$15,144 to the School Food Service Fund for the acquisition of capital assets during the fiscal year. This amount is reflected as an operating transfer in on Exhibit 7.

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Henderson County Board of Public Education conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The Henderson County Board of Public Education (Board) is a Local Education Agency empowered by state law [Chapter 115C, Article 31 of the North Carolina General Statutes] with the responsibility to oversee and control all activities related to public school education in Henderson County, North Carolina. The Board receives state, local, and federal government funding and must adhere to the legal requirements of each funding entity.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities present information about the Board. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the effect of internal activities on revenues and expenses. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the Board. Governmental activities generally are financed through intergovernmental revenues and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the Board and for each function of the Board's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the Board's funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and proprietary - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each of which is displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The Board reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Board. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. This fund includes the "Local Current Expense Fund," which is mandated by state law [G.S. 115C-426].

State Public School Fund. The State Public School Fund, also required by G.S. 115C-426, includes appropriations from the Department of Public Instruction for the current operating expenditures of the public school system.

Federal Grants Fund. The Federal Grants Fund accounts for various programs and grants passed through the North Carolina Department of Public Instruction from the U.S. Government.

Capital Outlay Fund. The Capital Outlay Fund accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds) and is reported as a capital projects fund. It is mandated by state law [G.S. 115C-426]. Capital projects are funded by Henderson County appropriations, restricted sales tax moneys, proceeds of Henderson County bonds issued for public school construction, lottery proceeds, as well as certain State assistance.

Other Restricted Fund. The Other Restricted Fund accounts for grants, programs, reimbursements, and other special revenues that are not accounted for in the General Fund or the other special revenue funds.

Individual Schools Fund. The Individual Schools Fund includes revenues and expenditures of the activity funds of the individual schools. The primary revenue sources include funds held on behalf of various clubs and organizations, receipts from athletic events, and proceeds from various fund raising activities. The primary expenditures are for athletic teams, club programs, activity buses, and instructional needs. The Individual Schools Fund is reported as a special revenue fund.

The Board reports the following major enterprise funds:

School Food Service Fund. The School Food Service Fund is used to account for the food service program within the school system and is reported as an enterprise fund.

Child Care Fund. The Child Care Fund is used to account for the before and after school care and summer care programs within the school system and is reported as an enterprise fund.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Board gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include grants and donations. Revenue from grants and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The Board considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. These include federal, state, and county grants, and some charges for services. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for claims and judgments and compensated absences, which are recognized to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the Board funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the Board's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

D. Budgetary Data

The Board's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. As required by G.S. 115C-425, annual budgets are adopted for all funds, except for the Individual Schools' Special Revenue Fund. While no budget is required for funds of individual schools, such funds must be accounted for in accordance with the provisions of G.S. 115C-448. All appropriations lapse at the fiscal year-end. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level for all annually budgeted funds. The Board has authorized the Superintendent to move moneys (up to \$5,000) from one function to another within a fund. Amendments are required for any revisions that alter total expenditures of any fund or that change functional appropriations by more than \$5,000. Amounts may be transferred between sub-functions and objects of expenditure within a function without limitations and without a report to the Board of Public Education being required. All amendments must be approved by the governing board. During the year, several amendments to the original budget were necessary. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity</u>

1. Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the Board are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by state law [G.S. 115C-444]. The Board may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Board may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit. The Board also has money credited in its name with the State Treasurer and may issue state warrants against these funds.

State law [G.S. 115C-443] authorizes the Board to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances; and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT), an SEC-registered money market mutual fund allowable by G.S. 159-30(c)(8). The NCCMT Government Portfolio is a 2a-7 fund maintaining an AAAm rating from S&P Global Ratings and AAAmf by Moody's Investors Service. The NCCMT Government Term Portfolio is reported at fair value.

The Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF) is managed by the staff of the Department of State Treasurer and operated in accordance with state laws and regulations. It is not registered with the SEC. It consists of an internal portion and an external portion in which the Board participates. Investments are restricted to those enumerated in G.S. 147-69.1.

The Board's investments are reported at fair value determined by either quoted market prices or a matrix pricing model. Bank deposits are measured at amortized cost. Ownership of the STIF is determined on a fair market valuation basis as of fiscal year end in accordance with the STIF operating procedures. STIF investments are valued by the custodian using Level 2 inputs which in this case involves inputs – other than quoted prices – included within Level 1 that are either directly or indirectly observable for the asset or liability. The STIF is valued at \$1 per share. The STIF portfolio is unrated and had a weighted average maturity at June 30, 2022 of .9 years. Under the authority of G.S. 147-69.3, no unrealized gains or losses of the STIF are distributed to external participants of the fund.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Board pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. All cash and investments with original maturities of three months or less are considered cash and cash equivalents.

3. Inventories

The inventories of the Board are valued at cost and the Board uses the first-in, first-out (FIFO) flow assumption in determining cost. Proprietary Fund inventories consist of food and supplies and are recorded as expenses when consumed.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4. Capital Assets

Donated assets received prior to July 1, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation or forfeiture. Donated capital assets received after July 1, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other capital assets are recorded at original cost. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets.

It is the policy of the Board to capitalize all capital assets costing more than \$5,000 with an estimated useful life of two or more years. In addition, other items that are purchased and used in large quantities such as student desks are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Henderson County holds title to certain properties, which are reflected as capital assets in the financial statements of the Board. The properties have been deeded to the County to permit installment purchase financing of acquisition and construction costs and to permit the County to receive refunds of sales tax paid for construction costs. Agreements between the County and the Board give the schools full use of the facilities, full responsibility for maintenance of the facilities, and provides that the County will convey title of the property back to the Board, once all restrictions of the financing agreements and all sales tax reimbursement requirements have been met.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	50
Building and site	
improvements	25
Equipment and furniture	10
Vehicles	15
Computer equipment	5

5. Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The Board has several items that meet this criterion including pension and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) related deferrals and contributions made to the plans after the measurement date. The statement of financial position also reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The Board has several items that meet this criterion including unearned grant revenue in the Special Revenue funds, prepaid items in the Enterprise Funds, and pension and OPEB related deferrals.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

6. Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities.

7. Compensated Absences

The Board follows the state's policy for vacation and sick leave. Employees may accumulate up to thirty (30) days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the Board, the current portion of the accumulated vacation pay is not considered to be material. The Board's liability for accumulated earned vacation and the salary-related payments as of June 30, 2022 is recorded in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements on a FIFO basis. An estimate of the current portion of compensated absences based on prior year's records has been made.

The sick leave policy of the Board provides for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the Board has no obligation for accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

8. Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position

Net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements is classified as net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through state statute.

Fund Balance

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of two classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Restricted Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

<u>Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute</u> - portion of fund balance that is restricted by state statute [G.S. 115C-425(a)].

<u>Restricted for Individual Schools</u> – revenue sources restricted for expenditures for the various clubs and organizations, athletic events, and various fund raising activities for which they were collected.

<u>Restricted for School Capital Outlay</u> – portion of fund balance that can only be used for School Capital Outlay [G.S. 159-18 through 22].

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Assigned Fund Balance – portion of fund balance that the Henderson County Board of Public Education intends to use for specific purposes.

<u>Subsequent Year's Expenditures</u> – portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified as restricted. The governing body approves the appropriation; however the budget ordinance authorizes the superintendent to modify the appropriations by resource or appropriation within funds up to \$100,000.

Unassigned Fund Balance – the portion of fund balance that has not been restricted or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

The Henderson County Board of Public Education has a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Chief Financial Officer will use resources in the following hierarchy: bond proceeds, federal funds, state funds, local non-board of education funds, board of education funds. For purposes of fund balance classification expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in-order by assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance. The Chief Financial Officer has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the Board of Public Education.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

9. Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

a) Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position.

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between total fund balance of the governmental funds and net position of the governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. The net adjustment of \$101,500,880 consists of several elements as follows:

	Amount
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are therefore not reported in the funds (total capital assets on government-wide	
statement in governmental activities column)	\$ 175,492,366
Less accumulated depreciation	(87,568,372)
Net capital assets	87,923,994
Right to use leased assets used in governmental activities are not financial	
resources and are therefore not reported in the funds	252,680
Less accumulated amortization	(63,170)
Net right to use asset	189,510
Net OPEB asset	69,790
Pension related deferred outflows of resources	23,358,416
OPEB related deferred outflows of resources	17,494,356
Liabilities that, because they are not due and payable in the current period, do not require current resources to pay and are therefore not recorded in the fund statements:	
Installment financing	(230,387)
Right to use lease liabilities	(215,219)
Compensated absences	(6,845,286)
Net pension liability	(22,480,409)
Net OPEB liability ,	(129,681,035)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(29,895,674)
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(41,188,936)
Total adjustment	\$ (101,500,880)

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

b) Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance and the government-wide statement of activities.

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. There are several elements of that total adjustment of \$18,574,955 as follows:

	 Amount
Capital outlay expenditures recorded in the fund statements but capitalized as assets in the statement of activities	\$ 1,747,423
Depreciation and amortization expense, the allocation of those assets over their useful lives, that is recorded on the statement of activities but not in the fund	
statements	(3,570,056)
Right to use leased asset capital outlay expenditures which were capitalized	252,680
Amortization expense for intangible assets	(63,170)
New debt issued during the year is recorded as a source of funds on the fund statements; it has no effect on the statement of activities - it affects only the government-wide statement of net position	(457,467)
Principal payments on debt owed are recorded as use of funds on the fund statements but affect only the statement of net position on the government-wide statements	340,398
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities	13,709,360
Contributions to the OPEB plans in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities	5,294,679
Expenses reported in the Statement of Activities that do not require the use of current resources to pay are not recorded as expenditures in the fund statements:	
Pension Expense Compensated absences are accrued in the government-wide statements	(5,128,015)
but not in the fund statements because they do not use current resources	191,974
Revenues reported in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current resources are not recorded as revenues in the fund statements:	
OPEB Benefit	5,473,373
Non-capital OPEB plan contribution	 783,776
Total adjustment	 18,574,955

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

10. Defined Benefit Pension Plan and Other Post Employment (OPEB) Plans

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB asset, the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, pensions, OPEB expense, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System (TSERS), the Retiree Health Benefit Fund (RHBF), and the Disability Income Plan of North Carolina (DIPNC) and additions to/deductions from TSERS, RHBF, and DIPNC's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TSERS, RHBF, and DIPNC. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The Board's employer contributions are recognized when due and the Board has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of TSERS, RHBF, and DIPNC. Investments are reported at fair value.

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the Board did not report any expenditures that violated state law [G.S. 115C-441].

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Assets

1. Deposits

All of the Board's deposits are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits exceeding the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the Board's agents in the Board's name. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Board, these deposits are considered to be held by the agent in the entity's name. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits to the State Treasurer. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Board or with the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amount of collateral pledged for the Board under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for undercollateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The Board has no policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

A. Assets (continued)

1. Deposits (continued)

At June 30, 2022 the Board had deposits with banks and savings and loans with a carrying amount of \$18,975,277 and with the State Treasurer of \$849,238. The bank balances with the financial institutions and the State Treasurer were \$19,245,901 and \$1,858,386, respectively. Of these balances, \$750,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$20,354,287 was covered by collateral held by authorized escrow agents in the name of the State Treasurer.

2. Investments

At June 30, 2022, the Board of Public Education had \$922,451 invested with the State Treasurer in the Short Term Investment Fund (STIF). The STIF is unrated and had a weighted average maturity of .9 years at June 30, 2022. The Board has no policy for managing interest rate risk or credit risk.

3. Accounts Receivable

Receivables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2022, were as follows:

	D	ue from					
	ot	her funds	D	ue from			
	(Internal		other			
	B	alances)	governments		Other		 Total
Governmental activities:	,				·	-	
General Fund					\$	125,532	\$ 125,532
Other Governmental Activities			_\$_	194,477		56,019	 250,496
Total			_\$_	194,477	_\$_	181,551	\$ 376,028
Business-type activities:							
School Food Service	\$	7,692	\$	210,022			\$ 217,714
Child Care		1,555			\$	25,674	 27,229
Total	\$	9,247	\$	210,022	\$	25,674	\$ 244,943
Due from other governments consist	of the	following:	•				
Governmental activities:							
State Public School Fund	\$	3,100	Op	erating fund	ls fro	m the state	
Other Restricted Fund	•	191,377	-	te sales tax			
Outor Resultated Lund		171,577	Su	tto baros tare.	·	10	
Total	\$	194,477					
Business-type activities:							
School Food Service Fund	\$	210,022	Fee	deral funds			

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

4. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Transfers/ Decreases	Ending Balances
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land and improvements Construction in progress	\$ 7,540,362 71,463	\$ 173,255 23,983	\$ (26,789)	\$ 7,713,617 68,657
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 7,611,825	\$ 197,238	\$ (26,789)	\$ 7,782,274
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and site improvements Equipment and furniture Vehicles	\$150,403,691 3,740,693 12,048,218	\$ 887,338 136,264 526,583	\$ 26,789 (59,484)	\$151,317,818 3,876,957 12,515,317
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$166,192,602	\$ 1,550,185	\$ (32,695)	\$167,710,092
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and site improvements Equipment and furniture Vehicles	\$ 73,053,195 2,403,063 8,601,542	\$ 2,795,370 203,656 571,030	\$ (59,484)	\$ 75,848,565 2,606,719 9,113,088
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ 84,057,800	\$ 3,570,056	\$ (59,484)	\$ 87,568,372
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$ 82,134,802			\$ 80,141,720
Governmental activity capital assets, net	\$ 89,746,627			\$ 87,923,994
Business-type activities: School Food Service Fund: Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and site improvements Furniture and equipment	\$ 161,694 1,062,584	\$ 285,284 74,497		\$ 446,978 1,137,081
Vehicles	32,250			32,250
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$ 1,256,528	\$ 359,781		\$ 1,616,309
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and site improvements Furniture and equipment Vehicles	\$ 98,611 911,942 16,392	\$ 5,706 57,781		\$ 104,317 969,723 16,392
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ 1,026,945	\$ 63,487		\$ 1,090,432
School Food Service capital assets, net	\$ 229,583			\$ 525,877

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

4. Capital Assets – (continued)

	Beginning Balances	In	creases	Transfers/ Decreases		Ending salances
Business-type activities (continued):						
Child Care Fund:						
Capital assets being depreciated: Vehicles		\$	26,741		\$	26,741
Vemoles		Ψ	20,741		Ψ	20,711
Less accumulated depreciation for:		_			•	
Vehicles		_\$	446			446
Child Care capital assets, net					_\$	26,295
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 229,583				\$	552,172
Dannaciation about 44 acressment	utal firmations is as	faller	···			
Depreciation charged to governme	mai functions is as	101101	ws:			
Regular instructional				\$ 1,631,366		
Special populations				457,511		
Alternative programs				238,789		
School leadership				200,894		
Co-curricular				104,774		•••
School-based support				178,008		
Support and development				8,965		
Special populations support	and development			15,834		-
Alternative programs and se	rvices support and	devel	opment	14,086		
Technology support			_	58,911		
Operational support				375,933		
Financial and human resource	ce			160,135		
Accountability				6,317		
System-wide pupil support				11,775		
Policy, leadership and public	c relations			32,480		
Ancillary services				15,074		
Nonprogrammed charges				59,204		
					'	
Total				\$ 3,570,056	;	

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

5. Financing Commitments

Legislation permits the State Board of Education to finance the purchase of replacement school buses through installment purchases. The Henderson County Board of Public Education has entered into an agreement to purchase seven buses in this manner. The terms of the financing cannot exceed three years and the Board must purchase the buses from vendors approved by the Department of Public Instruction. The Department of Public Instruction will make the payments to the lender on behalf of the Henderson County Board of Public Education out of funds allocated to the Henderson County Board of Public Education. Because future resources will be used to fund the payments under the installment agreement, no encumbrance of fund balance at June 30, 2022, has been recorded.

The payments due in the fiscal years ended after June 30, 2022, are as follows:

Total purchase price, seven buses	<u>\$ 716,758</u>
Total payments due in 2022-2023	<u>\$ 179,190</u>
Remaining payments in subsequent years	\$ 51 <u>,197</u>

6. Right to Use Leased Assets

The Board has recorded a right to use leased assets. The assets are right to use assets for leased vehicles. The related leases are discussed in the Leases subsection of the Liabilities section of these notes. The right to use lease assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the terms of the related leases.

Right to use leased asset activity for the Primary Government for the year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

	Begii Bala	_		ncreases	Decr	eases_		Ending Balances
Right to use assets: Leased vehicles	\$		_\$_	252,680	\$		_\$	252,680
Less accumulated amortization for: Leased vehicles	_\$	<u>-</u>	_\$_	63,170	_\$		\$	63,170
Right to use assets, net	\$		\$	189,510	\$		\$	189,510

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

B. Liabilities

1. Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Obligations

a. Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The Board is a participating employer in the statewide Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System (TSERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. TSERS membership is comprised of employees of the state (state agencies and institutions), universities, community colleges, and certain proprietary component units along with the employees of Local Education Agencies and charter schools. Article 1 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the TSERS Board of Trustees, which consists of thirteen members - eight appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the state Senate, one appointed by the state House of Representatives; and the State Treasurer, the State Superintendent of Public Instruction, and the State Director of Human Resources, who serve as ex-officio members. The Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's ACFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for TSERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. TSERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.82% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. General employee plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. General employee plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases.

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

B. Liabilities (continued)

1. Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Obligations (continued)

a. Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System (continued)

TSERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as an LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as an LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as an LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 135-8 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. Board employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the TSERS Board of Trustees. The Board's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2022, was 14.78% from July 2021 through December 2021 and 17.98% from January 2022 through June 2022 of covered payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the Board were \$14,200,704 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Refunds of Contributions — Board employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of TSERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a sixty day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by TSERS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the Board reported a liability of \$23,261,750 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The Board's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Board's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating TSERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021 and at June 30, 2020, the Board's proportion was 0.49677% and 0.51384% respectively.

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

B. Liabilities (continued)

1. Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Obligations (continued)

a. Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Board recognized pension expense of \$5,311,803. At June 30, 2022, the Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	0	Deferred outflows of Resources	Ir	eferred iflows of esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	1,307,571	\$	528,300
Changes of assumptions		8,725,735		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments			2	28,821,607
Changes in proportion and differences between Board				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		24,737		1,800,586
Board contributions subsequent to the measurement date		14,200,704		
Total	\$	24,258,747	\$.	31,150,493

\$14,200,704 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Board contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:

2023	\$ (4,136,920))
2024	(4,582,821))
2025	(8,839,471))
2026	(3,533,238))
Total	\$ (21,092,450))

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.0 percent
Salary increases	3.5 to 8.1 percent, including inflation
	and productivity factor
Investment rate of return	7.0 percent, net of pension plan investment
	expense, including inflation

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

B. Liabilities (continued)

1. Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Obligations (continued)

a. Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System (continued)

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The assumptions used in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation were based on the experience study prepared as of December 31, 2014 and adopted by the Board of Trustees on January 21, 2016. Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2021 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed Income	29.0%	1.4%
Global Equity	42.0%	5.3%
Real Estate	8.0%	4.3%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.9%
Credit	7.0%	6.0%
Inflation Protection	6.0%	4.0%
Total	100.0%	

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

B. Liabilities (continued)

1. Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Obligations (continued)

a. Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System (continued)

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2016 asset, liability, and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including TSERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.05%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.5 percent, as well as what the Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (5.5 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (7.5 percent) than the current rate:

	19	% Decrease (5.5%)	Di	scount Rate (6.5%)	1	% Increase (7.5%)
Board's proportionate share						
of the net pension liability	\$	78,028,697	\$	23,261,750	\$	(22,263,299)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the State of North Carolina.

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

B. Liabilities (continued)

1. Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Obligations (continued)

b. Other Post-employment Benefits (OPEB)

1. Healthcare Benefits

Plan description. The Retiree Health Benefit Fund (RHBF) has been established as a fund to provide health benefits to retired and disabled employees and their applicable beneficiaries. RHBF is established in Chapter 135, Article 1 of the General Statutes. It is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit healthcare plan, exclusively for the benefit of former employees of the state, the University of North Carolina System, and community colleges. In addition, LEAs, charter schools, and some select local governments also participate.

Management of the plan is vested in the State Health Plan Board of Trustees, which consists of thirteen members — eight appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives; and the State Treasurer, the State Superintendent, and the Director of the Office of State Human Resources who serve as ex-officio members. RHBF is supported by a percent of payroll contribution from participating employers. Each year the percentage is set in legislation, as are the maximum per retiree contributions from RHBF to the State Health Plan. The State Treasurer, with the approval of the State Health Plan Board of Trustees, then sets the employer contributions (subject to the legislative cap) and the premiums to be paid by retirees, as well as the health benefits to be provided through the State Health Plan.

The financial statements and other required disclosures for the plan are presented in the State of North Carolina's ACFR, which can be found at https://www.osc.nc.gov/public-information/reports.

Benefits provided. Plan benefits received by retired employees and disabled employees from RHBF are OPEB. The healthcare benefits for retired and disabled employees who are not eligible for Medicare are the same as for active employees. The plan options change when former employees become eligible for Medicare. Medicare retirees have the option of selecting one of two fully-insured Medicare Advantage/Prescription Drug Plan (MA-PDP) options of the self-funded Traditional 70/30 preferred Provider Organization plan option that is also offered to non-Medicare members. If the Traditional 70/30 Plan is selected by a Medicare retiree, the self-funded State Health Plan coverage is secondary to Medicare.

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

B. <u>Liabilities (continued)</u>

1. Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Obligations (continued)

b. Other Post-employment Benefits (OPEB) (continued)

1. Healthcare Benefits (continued)

Those former employees who are eligible to receive medical benefits from RHBF are long-term disability beneficiaries of the Disability Income Plan of North Carolina (DIPNC) and retirees of the TSERS, the Consolidated Judicial Retirement System (CJRS), the Legislative Retirement System (LRS), the University Employees' Optional Retirement Program (ORP), and a small number of local governments, with five or more years of contributory membership service in their retirement system prior to disability or retirement, with the following exceptions: for employees first hired on or after October 1, 2006, and members of the General Assembly first taking office on or after February 1, 2007, future coverage as retired employees and retired members of the General Assembly is subject to the requirement that the future retiree have 20 or more years of retirement service credit in order to receive coverage on a noncontributory basis. Employees first hired on or after October 1, 2006 and members of the General Assembly first taking office on or after February 1, 2007 with 10 but less than 20 years of retirement service credit are eligible for coverage on a partially contributory basis. For such future retirees, the State will pay 50% of the State Health Plan's noncontributory premium.

Section 35.21 (c) and (d) of Session Law 2017-57 repeals retiree medical benefits for employees first hired January 1, 2021. The new legislation amends Article 3B of Chapter 135 of the General Statutes to require that retirees must earn contributory retirement service in TSERS (or in an allowed local system), CJRS, or LRS prior to January 1, 2021, and not withdraw that service, in order to be eligible for retiree medical benefits under the amended law. Consequently, members first hired on and after January 1, 2021 will not be eligible to receive retiree medical benefits.

RHBF's benefit and contribution provisions are established by Chapter 135, Article 1 and Chapter 135, Article 3B of the General Statutes and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. RHBF does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases.

Contributions. By General Statute, accumulated contributions from employers to RHBF and any earnings on those contributions shall be used to provide health benefits to retired and disabled employees and their applicable beneficiaries. By statute, contributions to RHBF are irrevocable. Also by law, fund assets are dedicated to providing benefits to retired and disabled employees and their applicable beneficiaries and are not subject to the claims of creditors of the employers making contributions to RHBF. However, RHBF assets may be used for reasonable expenses to administer the RHBF, including costs to conduct required actuarial valuations of state supported retired employees' health benefits. Contribution rates to RHBF, which are intended to finance benefits and administrative expenses on a pay-as-you-go basis are determined by the General Assembly in the Appropriations Bill. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the Board contributed 6.68% from July 2021 through December 2021 and 5.90% from January 2022 through June 2022 of covered payroll which amounted to \$5,406,821.

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

B. Liabilities (continued)

1. Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Obligations (continued)

Other Post-employment Benefits (OPEB) (continued)

1. Healthcare Benefits (continued)

Year Ended June 30:

At June 30, 2022, the Board reported a liability of \$134,221,167 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020. The total OPEB liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The Board's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the Board's present value of future salary, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, the Board's proportions were 0.43415% and 0.44990%, respectively.

\$5,406,821 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from Board contributions after the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

2023	\$ 16,739,155
2024	7,504,548
2025	2,698,135
2026	3,734,133
2027	(501,323)

Total \$ 30,174,648

(501,323)

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

B. Liabilities (continued)

1. Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Obligations (continued)

b. Other Post-employment Benefits (OPEB) (continued)

1. Healthcare Benefits (continued)

Actuarial assumptions. Common actuarial assumptions for both OPEB plans follow individual note disclosures for each OPEB plan.

Inflation	3.0 percent
Salary increases based on service	3.5 to 8.1 percent, including inflation and productivity factor
Investment rate of return	7.0 percent
Healthcare cost trend rate - medical	6.5% grading down to 5.0% by 2024
	for Non-MA and MA coverage
Healthcare cost trend rate - prescription drug	9.5% grading down to 5.0% by 2028
Healthcare cost trend rate - administrative costs	3.0 percent
Post-Retirement Mortality rates	RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table
	for males and females, adjusted for Collar
	for some participants, further adjusted with
	scaling factors varying before and after

age 78, and projected for mortality improvement

using Scale MP-2015

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability for the RHBF was 2.16% at June 30, 2021 compared to 2.21% at June 30, 2020. The projection of cash flow used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from employers would be made at the current statutorily determined contribution rate. Based on the above assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members. As a result, a municipal bond rate of 2.16% was used as the discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability and is based on the Bond Buyer 20-year General Obligation Index as of June 30, 2021.

Sensitivity of the Board's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Board's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the Board's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.16 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (3.16 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease (1.16%)		Discount Rate (2.16%)		1% Increase (3.16%)	
Net OPEB liability	\$	159,654,125	\$	134,221,167	\$	113,623,329

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

B. Liabilities (continued)

1. Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Obligations (continued)

b. Other Post-employment Benefits (OPEB) (continued)

1. Healthcare Benefits (continued)

Sensitivity of the Board's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare trend rates. The following presents the Board's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the Board's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

			rent Healthcare Frend Rates			
		(6	.5% Medical			
			7.25% Rx			
1% Decrease in		Prescription			1% Increase in	
	Trend Rates	3% A	Admin Expenses)		Trend Rates	
Net OPEB liability	\$ 108,696,507	\$	134,221,167	\$	168,081,973	

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ACFR for the State of North Carolina.

2. Disability Benefits

Plan description. Short-term and long-term disability benefits are provided through the Disability Income Plan of North Carolina (DIPNC), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan, to the eligible members of TSERS which includes employees of the state, the University of North Carolina System, community colleges, certain Local Education Agencies, and ORP.

Management of the plan is vested in the State Health Plan Board of Trustees, which consists of thirteen members – eight appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives; and the State Treasurer, the State Superintendent, and the Director of the Office of State Human Resources who serve as ex-officio members.

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

B. Liabilities (continued)

1. Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Obligations (continued)

b. Other Post-employment Benefits (OPEB) (continued)

2. Disability Benefits (continued)

The financial statements and other required disclosures for the plan are presented in the State of North Carolina's ACFR, which can be found at https://www.osc.nc.gov/public-information/reports.

Benefits Provided. Long-term disability benefits are payable as an OPEB from DIPNC after the conclusion of the short-term disability period or after salary continuation payments cease, whichever is later, for as long as an employee is disabled. An employee is eligible to receive long-term disability benefits provided the following requirements are met: (1) the employee has five or more years of contributing membership service in TSERS or ORP, earned within 96 months prior to the end of the short-term disability period or cessation of salary continuation payments, whichever is later; (2) the employee must make application to receive long-term benefits within 180 days after the conclusion of the short-term disability period or after salary continuation payments cease or after monthly payments for Workers' Compensation cease (excluding monthly payments for permanent partial benefits), whichever is later; (3) the employee must be certified by the Medical Board to be mentally or physically disabled for the further performance of his/her usual occupation; (4) the disability must have been continuous, likely to be permanent, and incurred at the time of active employment; (5) the employee must not be eligible to receive an unreduced retirement benefit from TSERS after (1) reaching the age of 65 and completing 5 years of membership service, or (2) reaching the age of 60 and completing 25 years of creditable service, or (3) completing 30 years of service at any age.

For employees who had five or more years of membership service as of July 31, 2007, during the first 36 months of the long-term disability period, the monthly long-term disability benefit is equal to 65% of one-twelfth of an employee's annual base rate of compensation last payable to the participant or beneficiary prior to the beginning of the short-term disability period, plus the like percentage of one-twelfth of the annual longevity payment and local supplements to which the participant or beneficiary would be eligible. The monthly benefits are subject to a maximum of \$3,900 per month reduced by any primary Social Security disability benefits and by monthly payments for Workers' Compensation to which the participant or beneficiary may be entitled, but the benefits payable shall be no less than \$10 a month. After the first 36 months of the long-term disability, the long-term benefit is calculated in the same manner as described above except the monthly benefit is reduced by an amount equal to a monthly primary Social Security disability benefit to which the participant or beneficiary might be entitled had Social Security disability benefits been awarded. When an employee qualifies for an unreduced service retirement allowance from the TSERS, the benefits payable from DIPNC will cease, and the employee will commence retirement under the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System or the University Employees' Optional Retirement Program.

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

B. Liabilities (continued)

1. Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Obligations (continued)

b. Other Post-employment Benefits (OPEB) (continued)

2. Disability Benefits (continued)

For employees who had less than five years of membership service as of July 31, 2007, and meet the requirements for long-term disability on or after August 1, 2007, during the first 36 months of the long-term disability period, the monthly long-term benefit shall be reduced by an amount equal to the monthly primary Social Security retirement benefit to which the employee might be entitled should the employee become age 62 during the first 36 months. This reduction becomes effective as of the first day of the month following the month of initial entitlement to Social Security benefits. After the first 36 months of the long-term disability, no further benefits are payable under the terms of this section unless the employee has been approved and is in receipt of primary Social Security disability benefits.

Contributions. Benefit and contribution provisions are established by Chapter 135, Article 6, of the General Statutes and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Disability income benefits are funded by actuarially determined employer contributions that are established in the Appropriations Bill by the General Assembly and coincide with the state fiscal year. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, employers made a statutory contribution of 0.09% of covered payroll which was equal to the actuarially required contribution. Board contributions to the plan were \$77,620 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

The contributions cannot be separated between the amounts that relate to other postemployment benefits and employment benefits for active employees. Those individuals who are receiving extended short-term disability benefit payments cannot be separated from the number of members currently eligible to receive disability benefits as another postemployment benefit.

OPEB Assets, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources of Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2021, Board reported an asset of \$71,888 for its proportionate share of the net DIPNC OPEB asset. The net OPEB asset was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB asset used to calculate the net OPEB asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020. The total OPEB asset was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The Board's proportion of the net OPEB asset was based on a projection of the Board's present value of future salary, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021, the Board's proportion was 0.44011%.

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

B. <u>Liabilities (continued)</u>

1. Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Obligations (continued)

b. Other Post-employment Benefits (OPEB) (continued)

2. <u>Disability Benefits (continued)</u>

\$77,620 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from Board contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net OPEB asset in the year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	
2022	\$ 46,672
2023	31,699
2024	41,234
2025	20,665
2026	7,999
Thereafter	 24,768
Total	\$ 173,037

Actuarial assumptions. Common actuarial assumptions for both OPEB plans follow individual note disclosures for each OPEB plan.

Inflation	3.0 percent
Salary increases	3.5 to 8.1 percent, including 3.5 percent inflation
	and productivity factor
Investment rate of return	3.75 percent, net of OPEB plan investment
	expense, including inflation

Sensitivity of the Board's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Board's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset, as well as what the Board's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.00 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (4.00 percent) than the current discount rate:

	 1% Decrease (2.00%)		Discount Rate (3.00%)		1% Increase (4.00%)	
Net OPEB DIPNC asset	\$ 45,389	\$	71,888	\$	96,402	

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

B. Liabilities (continued)

1. Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Obligations (continued)

b. Other Post-employment Benefits (OPEB) (continued)

2. Disability Benefits (continued)

Common actuarial assumptions for both OPEB plans. The total OPEB asset and liability were determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of December 31, 2020 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement, unless otherwise specified. The total OPEB asset and liability were calculated using update procedures to roll forward from the actuarial valuation date to the measurement date of June 30, 2021. The update procedures incorporated the actuarial assumptions used in the valuation. The entry age normal cost method was utilized.

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. teacher, general, law enforcement officer), and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions were based on the results of an actuarial experience review for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

DIPNC is primarily invested in the Bond Index Investment Pool as of June 30, 2021. The long-term expected rate of return was determined based on the combination of expected future real rates of return and expected inflation. The long-term expected real rate of return for the Bond Index Investment Pool as of June 30, 2021 is 1.2%.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed Income	29.0%	1.4%
Global Equity	42.0%	5.3%
Real Estate	8.0%	4.3%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.9%
Opportunistic Fixed Income	7.0%	6.0%
Inflation Sensitive	6.0%	4.0%
Total	100.0%	

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

B. Liabilities (continued)

1. Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Obligations (continued)

b. Other Post-employment Benefits (OPEB) (continued)

Total OPEB Expense, OPEB Asset and Liability, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources of Related to OPEB

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	RHBF	DIPNC	Total
OPEB Expense	\$ (5,827,246)	\$ 157,707	\$ (5,669,539)
OPEB Liability (Asset)	134,221,167	(71,888)	134,149,279
Proportionate share of the net OPEB Liability (Asset)	.43415%	.44011%	
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	792,422	183,293	975,715
Changes of assumptions	10,978,136	12,622	10,990,758
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan			
investments	-	7,015	7,015
Changes in proportion and differences between Board			
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	633,613	8,064	641,677
Board contributions subsequent to the measurement date	5,406,821	77,620	5,484,441
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	2,498,481	-	2,498,481
Changes of assumptions	32,618,660	26,099	32,644,759
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan			
investments	68,660	-	68,660
Changes in proportion and differences between Board			
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	7,393,018	11,858	7,404,876

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

B. Liabilities (continued)

2. Accounts Payable

Accounts payable as of June 30, 2022, are as follows:

	Vendors	Salaries and Benefits		
Governmental Activities:				
General	\$ 31,518	\$ 379,309		
Other Governmental	45,770	648		
Total governmental activities	\$ 77,288	\$ 379,957		
Business-type Activities:				
School Food Service	\$ 59,661			
Child Care	484			
Total business-type activities	\$ 60,145			

3. <u>Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>

The balances in deferred outflows and inflows of resources at year-end is composed of the following:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 2,283,286	\$ 3,026,781		
Changes of assumptions	19,716,493	32,644,759		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
pension plan investments	7,015	28,890,267		
Changes in proportion and difference between Board				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	666,414	9,205,462		
Board contributions subsequent to measurement date	19,685,145			
Grants not yet earned (Special Revenue Funds)		878,969		
Prepaid items (Proprietary Funds)		50,094		
Totals	\$ 42,358,353	\$ 74,696,332		

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

B. Liabilities (continued)

4. Risk Management

The Board is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Board purchases insurance through a commercial agency for general liability, with an aggregate limit of \$2,000,000 per location. The policy provides additional coverage in the amount of \$1,000,000 aggregate per year for School District and Educator's legal liability. Statutory worker's compensation coverage is purchased through private insurers. Coverage is provided to the extent employees are paid from federal or local funds. Worker's compensation coverage is provided by the State of North Carolina through a self-insured fund, to the extent employees are paid from state funds. The Board also purchases insurance through a commercial agency which insures the tangible property assets of the Board. Buildings and contents are insured on a replacement cost basis.

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The Board also participates in the Teacher's and State Employees' Comprehensive Major Medical Plan, a self-funded risk financing pool of the state administered by Blue Cross and Blue Shield of North Carolina. Through the Plan, permanent full-time employees of the Board are eligible to receive health care benefits. The Board pays the full cost of coverage for employees enrolled in the Comprehensive Major Medical Plan.

In accordance with G.S. 115C-442, the Board's employees who have custody of the Board's funds, at any given time, are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The Chief Financial Officer is bonded for \$200,000. The remaining employees who have access to funds are covered by a commercial policy up to \$25,000.

The Board carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year, and claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

5. Long-term Obligations

a. Leases

The Board has entered into an agreement to lease vehicles. The lease agreement qualifies as other than short-term leases under GASB 87 and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inception.

The agreement was executed in April 2021 to lease various vehicles that require 36 monthly payments. There are no variable payment components of the lease. The lease liability is measured at a discount rate of 2.4%. As a result of the lease, the Board has recorded a right to use leased asset with a net book value of \$189,510 at June 30, 2022.

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

B. Liabilities (continued)

a. Leases (continued)

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2022, were as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Principal Payments		-		<u></u>	Total		
2023	\$	83,466	\$	4,304	\$	87,770		
2024		83,801		2,272		86,073		
2025		47,952		634		48,586		
	\$	215,219	\$	7,210	\$	222,429		

b. Long-Term Obligation Activity

The following is a summary of changes in the Board's long-term obligations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022:

	J	Balance July 1, 2021 Additions		Additions	Retirements		J	Balance une 30, 2022	CurrentPortion		
Governmental activities:											
Direct placement											
installment purchase	\$	328,537	\$	204,787	\$	302,937	\$	230,387	\$	179,190	
Lease liabilities				252,680		37,461		215,219		83,466	
Net pension liability		59,957,600		37,477,191		22,480,409					
Net OPEB liability	1	120,591,661		9,089,374				129,681,035			
Compensated absences		7,037,260		4,939,510		5,131,484		6,845,286	:	5,489,650	
-									•		
Total	\$ 3	187,915,058	\$	14,486,351	\$ 4	2,949,073	\$	159,452,336	\$:	5,752,306	
	<u> </u>								***********	•	
Business-type activities:											
Net pension liability	\$	2,124,526			\$	1,343,185	\$	781,341			
Net OPEB liability		4,214,368		325,764				4,540,132			
Compensated absences		200,886		158,426		133,803		225,509	\$	184,750	
	\$	6,539,780	\$	484,190	\$_	1,476,988	\$	5,546,982	\$	184,750	

Compensated absences for governmental activities are typically liquidated by the general and other governmental funds.

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HENDERSON COUNTY BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

C. Interfund Balances and Activity

Due to/from other funds

Due to/from other funds at June 30, 2022, consist of the following:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		mount
General Fund Federal Grants Fund Capital Outlay Fund Individual Schools School Food Service Fund Child Care Fund	Other Restricted Fund	\$	63,594 26,631 11,764 323,343 7,692 1,555
Total		\$	434,579
Transfers to/from other funds			
Transfers to/from other funds at June 30	, 2022, consist of the following:		
From the State Public School Fund Fund for administrative costs	to the School Food Service	\$	56,450
From the General Fund to the Scho purchase of capital assets	ol Food Service Fund for the		3,355
From the Capital Outlay Fund to th for the purchase of capital assets	e School Food Service Fund		11,789
Total		_\$_	71,594

HENDERSON COUNTY BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

D. Fund Balance

The Board of Public Education has a revenue spending policy for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Chief Financial Officer will use resources in the following hierarchy: federal funds, state funds, local non-Board of Public Education funds, Board of Public Education funds. For purposes of fund balance classification expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in order by assigned fund balance and lastly, unassigned fund balance. The Chief Financial Officer has authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the Board of Public Education.

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General fund balance that is available for appropriation.

Total fund balance - General Fund	\$ 7,524,925
Less:	
Stabilization by State Statute	189,126
Appropriated fund balance in	
2023 budget	 1,096,822
Remaining Fund Balance	\$ 6,238,977

IV. RELATED ORGANIZATION

The Henderson County Education Foundation, Inc. (Foundation) is a related organization to the Henderson County Board of Public Education. The Foundation has a self-perpetuating board of directors and the Board of Public Education is not accountable for the Foundation. Financial information related to the Foundation is available from the Henderson County Education Foundation, Inc., P.O. Box 1267, Hendersonville, North Carolina 28793.

V. SUMMARY DISCLOSURE OF SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENCIES

Federal and State Assisted Programs

The Board has received proceeds from several federal and state grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant moneys to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant moneys.

VI. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events have been evaluated through November 24, 2022, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL FINANCIAL DATA

This section contains additional information required by generally accepted accounting principles.

- Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System
- Schedule of Board Contributions Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System
- Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Retiree Health Benefit Fund
- Schedule of Board Contributions Retiree Health Benefit Fund
- Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset Disability Income Plan of North Carolina
- Schedule of Board Contributions Disability Income Plan of North Carolina

HENDERSON COUNTY BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHERS' AND STATE EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Board's proportion of the net pension liability	0.49677%	0.51384%	0.51795%	0.50958%	0.50848%
Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$23,261,750	\$62,082,126	\$53,695,646	\$50,734,230	\$40,345,046
Board's covered payroll	\$76,694,362	\$76,669,766	\$76,399,801	\$72,010,122	\$70,182,354
Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	30.33%	80.97%	70.28%	70.45%	57.49%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	94.86%	92.01%	91.89%	89.51%	87.32%
	2017	2016	2015	2014	
Board's proportion of the net pension liability	0.51398%	0.50031%	0.49476%	0.49730%	
Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$47,240,063	\$18,437,406	\$ 5,800,670	\$30,191,177	
Board's covered payroll	\$68,242,503	\$68,639,639	\$64,937,354	\$65,877,045	
Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	69.22%	26.86%	8.93%	45.83%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	94.64%	98.24%	90.60%	90.60%	

HENDERSON COUNTY BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF BOARD CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHERS' AND STATE EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Contractually required contribution	\$14,200,704	\$11,335,427	\$ 9,944,069	\$ 9,389,536	\$ 7,762,691
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	14,200,704	11,335,427	9,944,069	9,389,536	7,762,691
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Board's covered payroll	\$86,244,927	\$76,694,362	\$76,669,766	\$76,399,801	\$72,010,122
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	16.47%	14.78%	12.97%	12.29%	10.78%
	2017	2016	2015	2014	
Contractually required contribution	\$ 7,004,199	\$ 6,244,189	\$ 6,280,527	\$ 5,643,211	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	7,004,199	6,244,189	6,280,527	5,643,211	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Board's covered payroll	\$70,182,354	\$68,242,503	\$68,639,639	\$64,937,354	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	9.98%	9.15%	9.15%	8.69%	

HENDERSON COUNTY BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY RETIREE HEALTH BENEFITS FUND LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

	2022	2021	2020
Board's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.43415%	0.44990%	0.45245%
Board's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 134,221,167	\$ 124,806,029	\$ 143,151,574
Board's covered payroll	\$ 76,694,362	\$ 76,669,766	\$ 76,399,801
Board's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	175.01%	162.78%	187.37%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	7.72%	4.40%	3.52%
	2019	2018	2017
Board's proportion of the net OPEB liability	2019 0.45500%	2018 0.45876%	2017 0.44938%
Board's proportion of the net OPEB liability Board's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability			
	0.45500%	0.45876%	0.44938%
Board's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	0.45500%	0.45876%	0.44938%

HENDERSON COUNTY BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF BOARD CONTRIBUTIONS RETIREE HEALTH BENEFITS FUND LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

	2022			2021	2020	
Contractually required contribution	\$	5,406,821	\$	5,123,183	\$	4,960,534
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		5,406,821		5,123,183		4,960,534
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Board's covered payroll	\$	86,244,927	\$	76,694,362	\$	76,669,766
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		6.27%		6.68%		6.47%
		2019		2018		2017
Contractually required contribution	\$	4,790,268	\$	4,356,612	\$	4,077,595
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		4,790,268		4,356,612		4,077,595
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Board's covered payroll	\$	76,399,801	\$	72,010,122	\$	70,182,354
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		6.27%		6.05%		5.81%

HENDERSON COUNTY BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB ASSET DISABILITY INCOME PLAN OF NORTH CAROLINA LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

	202	22	 2021	 2020
Board's proportion of the net OPEB asset	0.4	4011%	0.45123%	0.45882%
Board's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$ 7	71,888	\$ 221,978	\$ 197,981
Board's covered payroll	\$ 76,69	94,362	\$ 76,669,766	\$ 76,399,801
Board's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset as a percentage of its covered payroll		0.09%	0.29%	0.26%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB asset	10	05.18%	116.47%	116.37%
	20:	19	 2018	 2017
Board's proportion of the net OPEB asset	0.4	5239%	0.4492%	0.45821%
Board's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$ 13	37,418	\$ 274,551	\$284,548
Board's covered payroll	\$ 72,01	10,122	\$ 70,182,354	\$ 68,242,503
Board's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset as a percentage of its covered payroll		0.19%	0.39%	0.42%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB asset	13	16.23%	116.06%	117.06%

HENDERSON COUNTY BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF BOARD CONTRIBUTIONS DISABILITY INCOME PLAN OF NORTH CAROLINA LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

	2022		2021		2020	
Contractually required contribution	\$	77,620	\$	69,025	\$	76,666
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		77,620		69,025		76,666
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-
Board's covered payroll	\$ 8	6,244,927	\$ 7	76,694,362	\$ 7	6,669,766
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.09%		0.09%		0.10%
		2019		2018		2017
Contractually required contribution	\$	106,960	\$	100,814	\$	266,693
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		106,960		100,814		266,693
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Board's covered payroll	\$ 7	6,399,801	\$ 7	72,010,122	\$ 7	0,182,354
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.14%		0.14%		0.38%

INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is the principal operating fund for the Henderson County Board of Public Education mandated by state law as the Local Current Expense Fund. This fund accounts for all activities of the Henderson County Board of Public Education not included in other specified funds. These activities are funded principally by an appropriation to the Henderson County Board of Public Education by the Henderson County Commissioners. The majority of the expenditures are for current operating needs, primarily instructional programs and supporting services. The General Fund is accounted for on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

HENDERSON COUNTY BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	Dauget	1100001	(210820210)
Henderson County:			
Local current expense	\$ 29,928,000	\$ 29,928,000	
Other:			
ABC revenues	\$ 178,000	\$ 181,583	\$ 3,583
Sales taxes		63,594	63,594
Fines and forfeitures-Clerk of Court	518,733	594,074	75,341
Total	\$ 696,733	\$ 839,251	\$ 142,518
Total revenues	\$ 30,624,733	\$ 30,767,251	\$ 142,518
Expenditures:			
Instructional services:			
Regular instructional services	\$ 8,940,978	\$ 7,229,769	\$ 1,711,209
Special populations services	1,242,568	1,137,682	104,886
Alternative programs and services	254,560	236,685	17,875
School leadership services	2,790,382	2,782,790	7,592
Co-curricular services	870,101	861,787	8,314
School-based support services	1,498,867	1,316,137	182,730
Total	\$ 15,597,456	\$ 13,564,850	\$ 2,032,606
System-wide support services:			
Support and development services	\$ 286,738	\$ 279,063	\$ 7,675
Special populations support			
and development services	221,444	219,682	1,762
Alternative programs and services support			
and development services	81,780	74,969	6,811
Technology support services	1,280,454	1,244,984	35,470
Operational support services	8,130,653	8,125,067	5,586
Financial and human resource services	1,792,684	1,783,916	8,768
Accountability services	220,748	215,162	5,586
System-wide pupil support services	331,253	327,549	3,704
Policy, leadership, and public relations services	743,550	733,374	10,176
Total	\$ 13,089,304	\$ 13,003,766	\$ 85,538

HENDERSON COUNTY BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Ancillary services	\$ 193,868	\$ 188,949	\$ 4,919
Nonprogrammed charges: Payments to charter schools	\$ 1,900,000	\$ 1,864,784	\$ 35,216
Total expenditures	\$ 30,780,628	\$ 28,622,349	\$ 2,158,279
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ (155,895)	\$ 2,144,902	\$ 2,300,797
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers to other funds Appropriated fund balance	\$ (3,355) \$ 159,250	\$ (3,355)	\$ (159,250)
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ 2,141,547	\$ 2,141,547
Fund balance, beginning		5,383,378	
Fund balance, ending		\$ 7,524,925	

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

Capital projects funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds.

Capital Outlay Fund – This fund, which is mandated by state law, is used to account for the acquisition, construction, renovation, and replacement of the local administrative unit's capital assets and other major capital outlays, other than those financed by the Individual Schools Fund and the Enterprise Funds. The major revenue source is the County of Henderson.

HENDERSON COUNTY BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION CAPITAL OUTLAY FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Budget		Actual		Variance Positive Negative)
REVENUES					<u> </u>	
State of North Carolina:						
State appropriations -athletic facility	\$	129,715	\$	129,715		
State appropriations - buses		302,937		507,725	\$	204,788
Sales tax revenues		•		11,764		11,764
Total State of North Carolina	_\$_	432,652	_\$_	649,204	\$	216,552
Henderson County:						
General county revenues	\$	1,500,000		1,500,000		
Total Henderson County	_\$_	1,500,000	_\$_	1,500,000		
Other:						
Contributions and donations	\$	189,500	_\$_	40,309	_\$_	(149,191)
Total revenues	\$	2,122,152	_\$_	2,189,513	_\$_	67,361
EXPENDITURES						
Capital outlay:						
Real property and buildings	\$	1,623,771	\$	1,079,741	\$	544,030
Furniture and equipment		289,103		234,280		54,823
Buses and motor vehicles		1,058,694		551,843		506,851
Debt service - principal		346,238		302,937		43,301
Total expenditures	_\$_	3,317,806	_\$_	2,168,801	_\$_	1,149,005
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	(1,195,654)	_\$_	20,712	\$	1,216,366
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Installment purchase obligations issued	\$	756,608	\$	204,787	\$	(551,821)
Insurance recovery		70,296		70,728		432
Transfer to other funds				(11,789)		(11,789)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_\$_	826,904	_\$_	263,726	_\$_	(563,178)
Excess of revenues and other financing						
sources over (under) expenditures and						
other financing uses	\$	(368,750)	\$	284,438	\$	653,188
Appropriated fund balance		368,750				(368,750)
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$	284,438		284,438
Fund balance, beginning				1,730,663		
Fund balance, ending				2,015,101		

ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the government's board is that the cost of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or where the government's board has decided that the periodic determination of net income is appropriate for accountability purposes. An Enterprise Fund is accounted for on the full accrual basis of accounting.

School Food Service Fund - This fund is used to account for the food service program within the school system. This program provides breakfast and lunch to students in the Henderson County Public Schools. Primary revenue sources are meal charges, federal commodity subsidies, and USDA reimbursements.

Child Care Fund - This fund is used to account for the before and after school care and the summer care programs offered by the various elementary schools within the school system.

HENDERSON COUNTY BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION SCHOOL FOOD SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)
Operating revenues, food sales	\$ 363,200	\$ 328,404	\$ (34,796)
Operating expenditures: Business support services: Purchase of food Donated commodities Salaries and benefits Indirect costs Materials and supplies Repairs and maintenance Other		\$ 2,808,797 572,645 3,676,006 200,000 348,292 154,706 78,840	
Total business support services	\$ 9,107,918	\$ 7,839,286	\$ 1,268,632
Capital outlay	\$ 559,930	\$ 359,781	\$ 200,149
Total operating expenditures	\$ 9,667,848	\$ 8,199,067	\$ 1,468,781
Operating loss	\$ (9,304,648)	\$ (7,870,663)	\$ 1,433,985
Nonoperating revenues: Federal reimbursements Federal commodities Interest earned Other	\$ 8,867,448 375,000 1,200 5,000	\$ 8,520,392 572,645 808 24,595	\$ (347,056) 197,645 (392) 19,595
Total nonoperating revenues	\$ 9,248,648	\$ 9,118,440	\$ (130,208)
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures before other financing sources	\$ (56,000)	\$ 1,247,777	\$ 1,303,777
Other financing sources: Transfers from other funds	\$ 56,000	\$ 71,594	\$ 15,594
Excess of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures	\$ -	\$ 1,319,371	\$ 1,319,371

(continued)

HENDERSON COUNTY BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION SCHOOL FOOD SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	 Actual		
Excess of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures	\$ 1,319,371		
Reconciliation of modified accrual			
to full accrual basis:			
Reconciling items:			
Depreciation	(63,487)		
Net other post employment benefits asset	(4,067)		
Net pension liability	1,052,032		
Net other post employment benefits liability	(255,150)		
Deferred outflows	165,120		
Deferred inflows	(392,771)		
Non capital other post employment benefits contribution	22,002		
Equipment purchases	359,781		
(Increase) in compensated absences	(22,492)		
Increase in inventory	 172,115		
Change in net position (full accrual)	 2,352,454		

HENDERSON COUNTY BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION CHILD CARE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES						
Child care fees	\$	1,922,000	\$	3,538,155	\$	1,616,155
State of North Carolina		271,050				(271,050)
Other				33		33
Total revenues	\$	2,193,050		3,538,188	\$_	1,345,138
EXPENDITURES						
Regular community service:						
Purchase of food			\$	26,158		
Salaries and benefits				1,081,767		
Indirect costs				25,000		
Materials and supplies				47,424		
Contracted services				7,065		
Other				51,223		
Total regular community service	_\$_	1,948,350	_\$_	1,238,637	\$_	709,713
Capital Outlay	\$	245,000	\$	26,741	_\$_	218,259
Total expenditures		2,193,350		1,265,378		927,972
Revenues over (under) expenditures	_\$_	(300)	\$	2,272,810	\$_	2,273,110
Other financing sources: Interest earned	_\$_	300	_\$_	455	\$_	155
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures	\$	<u> </u>	\$	2,273,265	\$	2,273,265
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual:						
Reconciling items: Depreciation			\$	(446)		
Net other post employment benefits asset				(1,126)		
Net pension liability				291,153		
Net other post employment benefits liability				(70,614)		
Deferred outflows				45,698		
Deferred inflows				(108,701)		
Non capital other post employment benefits con	ntribi	ition		6,089		
Equipment purchases		~~~ ~~		26,741		
(Increase) in compensated absences				(2,131)		
(morouso) in componsated absorbed				(4,131)		
Change in net position (full accrual)				2,459,928		

COMPLIANCE SECTION

89 NORTH CALDWELL STREET • BREVARD, NC 28712

MEMBER - AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS MEMBER - NORTH CAROLINA ASSOCIATION OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Public Education Henderson County, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Henderson County Board of Public Education, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprises the Henderson County Board of Public Education's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 24, 2022.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Henderson County Board of Public Education's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Henderson County Board of Public Education's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Henderson County Board of Public Education's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Report On Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Henderson County Board of Public Education's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Hendersonville, North Carolina

Carlad & Adrsen Ir.

November 24, 2022

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MEMBER - AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
MEMBER - NORTH CAROLINA ASSOCIATION OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With OMB Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Public Education Henderson County, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Henderson County Board of Public Education, North Carolina's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* and the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission, that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Henderson County Board of Public Education's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The Henderson County Board of Public Education's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, The Henderson County Board of Public Education complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and materials effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of out report.

We are required to be independent of the Henderson County Board of Public Education and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program, Out audit does not provide a legal determination of the Henderson County Board of Public Education's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grants agreements applicable to the Henderson County Board of Public Education's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Henderson County Board of Public Education's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Henderson County Board of Public Education's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we -

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and
 design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Henderson County Board of Public
 Education's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing
 such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circum- stances.
- Obtain an understanding of the Henderson County Board of Public Education's internal
 control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance
 in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion
 on the effectiveness of the Henderson County Board of Public Education's internal control
 over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section and above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Hendersonville, North Carolina

Conland + Advison Ir.

November 24, 2022

89 NORTH CALDWELL STREET • BREVARD, NC 28712

MEMBER - AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
MEMBER - NORTH CAROLINA ASSOCIATION OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With OMB Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Public Education Henderson County, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program

Opinion on Each Major State Program

We have audited the Henderson County Board of Public Education, North Carolina's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* and the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission, that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Henderson County Board of Public Education's major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The Henderson County Board of Public Education's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the Henderson County Board of Public Education complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major State Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Henderson County Board of Public Education and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major state program, Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Henderson County Board of Public Education's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for the Audit of Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Henderson County Board of Public Education's state programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Henderson County Board of Public Education's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Henderson County Board of Public Education's compliance with the requirements of each major state program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we -

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and
 design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Henderson County Board of Public
 Education's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing
 such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the Henderson County Board of Public Education's internal
 control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance
 in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion
 on the effectiveness of the Henderson County Board of Public Education's internal control
 over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section and above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Hendersonville, North Carolina

Calad + Adrein, Ir.

November 24, 2022

HENDERSON COUNTY BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

I. Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

- A. An unmodified opinion was issued on the financial statements of the Henderson County Board of Public Education.
- B. Our audit of the basic financial statements disclosed no material weaknesses over financial reporting or significant deficiencies in internal control.
- C. Our audit of the basic financial statements disclosed no instances of noncompliance with laws, regulations and the provisions of contracts and grant agreements that are material to the basic financial statements.

Federal Awards

- A. Our audit of compliance with the types of compliance requirements applicable to the Board's major federal programs disclosed no material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over major federal programs.
- B. An unmodified opinion was issued on the Henderson County Board of Public Education's compliance with the types of compliance requirements applicable to its major federal programs.
- C. The audit disclosed no audit findings which relate to federal awards that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 2 CFR 200.516(a).
- D. Major federal programs for the Henderson County Board of Public Education for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 are:

Name of Program	Assistance Listing Number
COVID-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund	21.027
Child Nutrition Cluster	
National School Lunch Program	10.555
After School Snack Program	10.555
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559
COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund	84.425

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HENDERSON COUNTY BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

- E. The threshold for determining Type A programs for the Henderson County Board of Public Education is \$750,000.
- F. Henderson County Board of Public Education qualified as a low risk auditee under the Uniform Guidance.

State Awards

- A. Our audit of compliance with the types of compliance requirements applicable to the Board's major state programs disclosed no material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over major state programs.
- B. An unmodified opinion was issued on the Henderson County Board of Public Education's compliance with the types of compliance requirements applicable to its major state programs.
- C. The audit disclosed no audit findings which relate to state awards that are required to be reported in accordance with the State Single Audit Implementation Act.
- D. Major state programs for the Henderson County Board of Public Education for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 are:

Name of Program

State Public School Fund

Vocational Education:
State Months of Employment

COVID-19 Emergency Child Care Subsidy Program Job Aid

Appropriations for School Buses

HENDERSON COUNTY BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

A Corrective Action Plan has already been implemented by the Henderson County Board of Public Education for all prior year findings.

HENDERSON COUNTY BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

The Henderson County Board of Public Education had no findings or questioned costs related to the audit of federal and state awards for the previous three fiscal years.

HENDERSON COUNTY BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Assistance Listing <u>Number</u>	State/ Pass-through Grantor's <u>Number</u>	<u>Expenditures</u>	
Federal Grants:				
U. S. Department of Agriculture Child Nutrition Cluster:				
Non-cash assistance (commodities)				
Passed-through the N.C. Department of Agriculture:	10 555	PP C 025	•	550 CAS
National School Lunch Program	10.555	PRC 035	\$	572,645
Cash assistance				
Passed-through the N.C. Department of Public Instruction: National School Lunch Program	10.555	PRC 035		8,191,179
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	PRC 035		302,465
Summer 1 ood Service 1 logram for Children	10.557	1 KC 055		302,.03
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			\$	9,066,289
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582	PRC 035		26,748
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture			\$	9,093,037
U. S. Department of Education Passed-through the N.C. Department of Public Instruction: Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies (Title I, Part A of ESEA)	84.010	PRC 050	\$	3,037,069
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies (Title I, Part A of ESEA) - School Improvements	84.010	PRC 105		83,978
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies (Title I, Part A of ESEA) - Targeted Support and Improvement	84.010	PRC 115		182,285
Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies (Title I)			\$	3,303,332
Migrant Education - State Grant Program	84.011	PRC 051	\$	425,223
English Language Acquisition Grants	84.365	PRC 104, 111	\$	191,911

HENDERSON COUNTY BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Grantor/Pass-through <u>Grantor/Program Title</u>	Assistance Listing <u>Number</u>	State/ Pass-through Grantor's <u>Number</u>	<u>Ex</u>	penditures
Special Education Cluster				
Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B) -				
Education of the Handicapped	84.027	PRC 060	\$	2,509,077
Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool) -				
Preschool Handicapped	84.173	PRC 049		72,797
Risk Pool	84.027	PRC 114		32,635
Special Needs Targeted Assistance	84.027 84.027	PRC 118 PRC 119		12,980 385
Preschool Targeted Assistance	64.027	FRC 119		363_
Total Special Education Cluster			\$	2,627,874
Education for Homeless Children and Youth Cluster				
Education for Homeless Children and Youth	84.196	PRC 026	_\$	30,072
Total Education for Homeless Children and Youth Clust	ter			30,072
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	PRC 103	\$	446,001
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Grants	84.424	PRC 108	\$	240,006
Career and Technical Education				
Capacity Building Grant	84.048	PRC 017	\$	191,541
COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Fund (ESSER) Governor's Emergency Relief Fund (GEER) ESSER I (CARES ACT) GEER (CARES ACT) ESSER II (CRRSA) ESSER III (ARP)	84.425 84.425D 84.425C 84.425D 84.425D	PRCs 163-168 PRCs 169-170 PRCs 171-178 PRCs 181-186	\$	728,790 329,426 7,350,989 2,203,151
		PRC 193 PRCs 203/205		43,031 950,190
Total Education Stabilization Fund			\$	11,605,577
Total U.S. Department of Education			\$	19,061,537
U.S. Department of Defense				
Direct Program:				
ROTC	12.000	PRC 301	_\$	148,763
Total U.S. Department of Defense			\$	148,763
U.S. Department of Labor Employment Training Administration Passed through Land of Sky Regional Council: WIOA Cluster:				
WIOA Youth Activities	17.259	PRC 302	_\$	147,646
Total U.S. Department of Labor			_\$	147,646

HENDERSON COUNTY BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Federal AL <u>Number</u>	State/ Pass-through Grantor's <u>Number</u>	<u>E</u>	<u>xpenditures</u>
U.S. Department of the Treasury				
Passed through the N.C. Department of Public Instruction: COVID-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund	21.027	PRC 141	\$	2,616,589
Total U.S. Department of the Treasury			\$	2,616,589
Total Federal Assistance			_\$	31,067,572
State Grants:				
Cash Assistance				
N.C. Department of Public Instruction:				
State Public School Fund			\$	84,052,626
Driver Training-SPSF		PRC 012		231,195
School Technology Fund - SPSF		PRC 015		349,969
Vocational Education:				
- State Months of Employment		PRC 013		4,369,143
- Program Support Funds		PRC 014		495,133
N.C. Department of Health and Human Services:				
Division of Child Development and Early Education				
COVID-19 Emergency Child Care Subsidy				•
Program Job Aid				777,382
Non-Cash Assistance				
N.C. Department of Public Instruction:				
Appropriations for School Buses				507,724
Textbooks				41,107
Total State Assistance			\$	90,824,279
Total Federal and State Assistance			\$	121,891,851
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Finance	cial Awards:			

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards (SEFSA) includes the federal and state grant activity of the Henderson County Board of Public Education under the programs of the federal government and State of North Carolina for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in this SEFSA is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Henderson County Board of Public Education, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Henderson County Board of Public Education.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported in the SEFSA are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

3. Indirect Cost Rate

The Henderson County Board of Public Education has elected not to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

OTHER SCHEDULES

HENDERSON COUNTY BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - INDIVIDUAL SCHOOLS JUNE 30, 2022

	Alternative, High			
	Elementary	Middle	Schools and	
	Schools	Schools	Early College	Total
ASSETS				
Cash and investments	\$ 517,619	\$ 255,005	\$1,143,742	\$ 1,916,366
Due from other funds	18,359	106,591	198,393	323,343
				
Total Assets	\$ 535,978	\$ 361,596	\$1,342,135	\$ 2,239,709
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Fund balance: Restricted:				
Individual Schools	\$ 535,978	\$ 361,596	\$1,342,135	\$ 2,239,709
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 535,978	\$ 361,596	\$1,342,135	\$ 2,239,709

HENDERSON COUNTY BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES APPLE VALLEY MIDDLE SCHOOL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Balance, July 1, 2021	\$	74,370
REVENUES		
General		298,515
Interest earned		26
	\$	372,911
EXPENDITURES		297,028
Balance, June 30, 2022	\$	75,883
COMPOSITION		
Checking account	\$	57,845
Due from other funds	Ψ	18,038
2 do nom other runds		10,000
	\$	75,883

HENDERSON COUNTY BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES ATKINSON ELEMENTARY SCHOOL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Balance, July 1, 2021	\$	49,586
REVENUES		
General		42,674
Interest earned		3
	\$	92,263
EXPENDITURES		49,243
EAI ENDITURES		47,243
Balance, June 30, 2022	\$	43,020
COMPOSITION		
Checking account	\$	40,927
Due from other funds		2,093
	_\$	43,020

HENDERSON COUNTY BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BRUCE DRYSDALE ELEMENTARY SCHOOL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Balance, July 1, 2021	\$ 48,912
REVENUES	
General	46,202
Interest earned	 6
	\$ 95,120
EXPENDITURES	 39,897
Balance, June 30, 2022	\$ 55,223
COMPOSITION	
Checking account	\$ 51,627
Due from other funds	 3,596
	\$ 55,223

HENDERSON COUNTY BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES CAREER ACADEMY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Balance, July 1, 2021	\$ 15,207
REVENUES	
General	 14,524
	\$ 29,73 1
EXPENDITURES	 13,175
Balance, June 30, 2022	\$ 16,556
COMPOSITION	
Checking account	\$ 16,437
Due from other funds	 119
	\$ 16,556

HENDERSON COUNTY BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES CLEAR CREEK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Balance, July 1, 2021	\$ 26,714
REVENUES	
General	75,070
	\$ 101,784
EXPENDITURES	 65,087
Balance, June 30, 2022	\$ 36,697
COMPOSITION	
Checking account	\$ 35,925
Due from other funds	 772
	\$ 36,697

HENDERSON COUNTY BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES DANA ELEMENTARY SCHOOL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Balance, July 1, 2021	\$ 37,117
REVENUES	
General	22,214
	\$ 59,331
EXPENDITURES	 22,345
Balance, June 30, 2022	\$ 36,986
COMPOSITION	
Checking account	\$ 36,900
Due from other funds	86
	\$ 36,986

HENDERSON COUNTY BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES EARLY COLLEGE HIGH SCHOOL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Balance, July 1, 2021	\$ 33,154
REVENUES	
General	 31,647
	\$ 64,801
EXPENDITURES	32,209
Balance, June 30, 2022	\$ 32,592
COMPOSITION	
Checking account	\$ 32,281
Due from other funds	 311
	\$ 32,592

HENDERSON COUNTY BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES EAST HENDERSON HIGH SCHOOL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

1Balance, July 1, 2021	\$ 206,602
REVENUES	
General	 369,140
	\$ 575,742
EXPENDITURES	 369,679
Balance, June 30, 2022	 206,063
COMPOSITION	
Checking account	\$ 203,576
Due from other funds	 2,487
	\$ 206,063

HENDERSON COUNTY BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES EDNEYVILLE ELEMENTARY SCHOOL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Balance, July 1, 2021	\$ 18,156	
REVENUES General	38,137	
General	 36,137	
	\$ 56,293	
EXPENDITURES	 29,218	
Balance, June 30, 2022	\$ 27,075	
COMPOSITION		
Checking account	\$ 27,075	

HENDERSON COUNTY BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES ETOWAH ELEMENTARY SCHOOL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Balance, July 1, 2021	\$ 32,913
REVENUES	
General	 61,622
	\$ 94,535
EXPENDITURES	 52,318
Balance, June 30, 2022	\$ 42,217
COMPOSITION	
Checking account	\$ 42,097
Due from other funds	 120
	\$ 42,217

HENDERSON COUNTY BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES FLAT ROCK MIDDLE SCHOOL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Balance, July 1, 2021	\$	72,983
REVENUES		
General		140,149
Interest earned		33
	\$	213,165
EXPENDITURES		164,539
D.1 1 00 0000	Φ.	40.606
Balance, June 30, 2022	<u>\$</u>	48,626
COMPOSITION		
Checking account	\$	28,007
Due from other funds		20,619
	\$	48,626

HENDERSON COUNTY BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES FLETCHER ELEMENTARY SCHOOL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Balance, July 1, 2021	\$ 59,388
REVENUES	
General	 59,543
	\$ 118,931
EXPENDITURES	66,430
Balance, June 30, 2022	\$ 52,501
COMPOSITION	
Checking account	\$ 51,750
Due from other funds	 751
	\$ 52,501

HENDERSON COUNTY BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES GLENN MARLOW ELEMENTARY SCHOOL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Balance, July 1, 2021	\$ 36,772
REVENUES	
General	 54,127
	\$ 90,899
EXPENDITURES	 49,228
Balance, June 30, 2022	\$ 41,671
COMPOSITION	
Checking account	\$ 40,867
Due from other funds	 , 804
	\$ 41,671

HENDERSON COUNTY BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES HENDERSONVILLE ELEMENTARY SCHOOL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Balance, July 1, 2021	\$ 32,647
REVENUES	
General	39,411
Interest earned	2
	\$ 72,060
EXPENDITURES	25 226
EXPENDITURES	 35,336
Balance, June 30, 2022	\$ 36,724
	
COMPOSITION	
Checking account	\$ 34,822
Due from other funds	 1,902
	\$ 36,724

HENDERSON COUNTY BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES HENDERSONVILLE HIGH SCHOOL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Balance, July 1, 2021	\$	365,615
REVENUES		
General		361,964
Interest earned		143
	\$	727,722
EXPENDITURES		325,063
EM ENDITORES	-	323,003
Balance, June 30, 2022	\$	402,659
'		
COMPOSITION		
Checking account	\$	313,396
Due from other funds		89,263
	\$	402,659

HENDERSON COUNTY BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES HENDERSONVILLE MIDDLE SCHOOL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Balance, July 1, 2021	\$	71,218
REVENUES		
General		170,319
Interest earned		9
	\$	241,546
EXPENDITURES		168,273
Balance, June 30, 2022		73,273
COMPOSITION Checking account	\$	66,725
Due from other funds	Ψ	6,548
Due from other funds		0,346
	\$	73,273

HENDERSON COUNTY BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES HILLANDALE ELEMENTARY SCHOOL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Balance, July 1, 2021	\$	25,541
REVENUES		
General		37,979
	\$	63,520
EXPENDITURES		39,992
Balance, June 30, 2022	\$	23,528
COMPOSITION Checking account	\$	22,814
Due from other funds	φ	714
	\$	23,528

HENDERSON COUNTY BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES MILLS RIVER ELEMENTARY SCHOOL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Balance, July 1, 2021	\$	53,916
REVENUES		
General		153,842
	\$	207,758
EXPENDITURES		108,121
Balance, June 30, 2022	_\$	99,637
COMPOSITION		
Checking account	\$	99,637

HENDERSON COUNTY BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES NORTH HENDERSON HIGH SCHOOL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Balance, July 1, 2021	\$ 184,015
REVENUES	
General	 600,963
	\$ 784,978
EXPENDITURES	 519,422
Balance, June 30, 2022	\$ 265,556
COMPOSITION	
Checking account	\$ 262,863
Due from other funds	 2,693
	\$ 265,556

HENDERSON COUNTY BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES RUGBY MIDDLE SCHOOL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Balance, July 1, 2021	\$	165,938
REVENUES		
General		310,731
Interest earned		101
	\$	476,770
EXPENDITURES		312,956
Balance, June 30, 2022	\$	163,814
COMPOSITION		
Checking account	\$	102,428
Due from other funds		61,386
		
	\$	163,814

HENDERSON COUNTY BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES SUGARLOAF ELEMENTARY SCHOOL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Balance, July 1, 2021	\$	7,758
REVENUES		
General		39,129
	\$	46,887
EXPENDITURES		39,122
Balance, June 30, 2022	\$	7,765
COMPOSITION Chasking account	c	7.765
Checking account	\$	7,765

HENDERSON COUNTY BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES UPWARD ELEMENTARY SCHOOL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Balance, July 1, 2021	\$ 29,684
REVENUES	
General	24,865
Interest earned	 12
	\$ 54,561
EXPENDITURES	21,627
D.1 7 00 0000	 22.02.4
Balance, June 30, 2022	\$ 32,934
COMPOSITION Checking account Due from other funds	\$ 25,413 7,521
	\$ 32,934

HENDERSON COUNTY BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES WEST HENDERSON HIGH SCHOOL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Balance, July 1, 2021	\$ 294,711
REVENUES	
General	696,465
Interest earned	 166
	\$ 991,342
EXPENDITURES	572 622
EXPENDITURES	 572,633
Balance, June 30, 2022	\$ 418,709
COMPOSITION	
Checking account	\$ 315,189
Due from other funds	 103,520
	\$ 418,709